THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—Devoted to Religion, Politics, Science, Mining, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Mechanics, Education, Literature and the Arts.—THE UNION FOREVER.

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E. B. BOUST,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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GOING EAST:

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C. CROCKER, Superintendent.
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Office in Concert Hall, Dutch Flat. may21-63

ELLIOTT AUBURY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE OF TOWNSHIP No 4.

Office in Concert Hall, up stairs, Main street, Dutch Flat. [jun29 63-tf]

J. H. NEFF,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—TOWNSHIP No. 4,
Grass Valley Street, Colfax, Cal. mh3tf

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No. 89 Front Street, Between K and L,
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NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Marysville, California.

Notice is hereby given, that the following described Township Plat was filed in this office, this 3rd day of March, 1866, viz: Township No. 17 North, Range No. 16 East of Mount Diablo Meridian, State of California. Settlers upon Lands in the above named Township are hereby notified to file their claims in the Register's office, at Marysville, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will lose the benefit of their claims.

I. B. AYER, Register.
tf C. G. BOCKIUS, Receiver.

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San Francisco. mh3 6m

Written for the Dutch Flat Enquirer.

A FEW OTHER FACTS WORTH A CERTAIN "READER'S" NOTICE.

MR. EDITOR:—I continue my quotations from history that your readers may see the facts of the several cases referred to by our very accurate and trustworthy teacher of history and theology, now growing famous in your columns as a Bible Reader, alias, a Wounded Politician. Let these facts speak for themselves: I quote the following passages from Hume, the infidel, and Macauley, the churchman, concerning the Puritans and their relation to the great revolution of 1688, an event in English history to which your correspondent of the political persuasion carefully avoids calling attention, for reasons patent enough, but an epoch nevertheless of greater importance as regards English Liberty than any other in English history, not even excepting that which gave the nation MAGNA CHARTA.

I quote from Hume, because his testimony is that of an enemy of the Puritans, and an enemy so blind to their real character as Christians, that he speaks of them as a "sect whose PRINCIPLES were so frivolous!" &c. But how remarkable it is that a sect of such frivolous principles should produce a Cromwell, a Milton, and 1688! These Puritans were Christians who sought a greater degree of reformation in the English or Episcopal Church than was adopted by Queen Elizabeth, and a *purer* form of discipline and worship. Puritan, was a term of reproach, given them just as "political preachers" was used by politicians all through the anti-slavery reform as a name of contempt for ministers who persisted in opposing and exposing slavery. In 1568, almost three hundred years since, the Puritans, Hume says, (vol. 4, p. 119, Hist. Eng.,) "began to make themselves considerable in England," and adds:

What occasion there was for resisting royal encroachments, and who did it, he tells on page 141:

"So absolute, indeed, was the authority of the crown, that the precious spark of liberty had been kindled, and was preserved, by the Puritans alone; and it was to this sect, whose principles appear so frivolous, and habits so ridiculous, that the English owe the whole freedom of their constitution."

And who so daring as to resist haughty and mighty Queen Elizabeth?

"The same bold and daring spirit which accompanied them in their addresses to the Divinity, appeared in their political speculations; and the principles of civil liberty, which during some reigns had been little avowed in the nation, and which were totally incompatible with the present exorbitant prerogative, had been strongly adopted by this new sect. Scarcely any sovereign before Elizabeth, and none after her, carried higher, both in speculation and practice, the authority of the crown; and the Puritans could not recommend themselves worse to her favor, than by inculcating the doctrine of resisting or restraining princes. * * *

"It was declared treason, during the lifetime of the queen, to affirm that she was not the lawful sovereign, or that any other possessed a preferable title, or that she was a heretic, schismatic or infidel." * * *

MACAULEY ON PURITANS.

We have seen what Hume has to say as to the work done by the Puritans, even that "the precious spark of liberty had been *kindled*, and was *preserved* BY THE PURITANS ALONE. The testimony of Macauley is like it. He describes the FICKLE and SELFISH POLITICIANS who abounded during this terrible ordeal, (wonder if our Hon. Politician knew that!) in the following style:

"At a period of public commotion, every faction, like an Oriental army, is attended by a crowd of camp followers, a useless and heartless rabble, who prowl round its line of march in the hope of picking up something under its protection, but desert it in the day of battle, and often join to exterminate it after a defeat. England, at the time of which we are treating, abounded with such fickle and selfish politicians, who transferred their support to every government as it rose,—who kissed the hand of the king in 1640, and spit in his face in 1649,—who shouted with equal glee when Cromwell was inaugurated in Westminster Hall, and when he was dug up to be hanged at Tyburn," &c.

His remarks on the Puritans are worthy of himself, and I need say no more. I am sorry, indeed, that I cannot quote at least a column on this one topic, but must stop short with the following paragraphs:

"We would speak first of the Puritans, the most remarkable body of men, perhaps, which the world has ever produced. The odious and ridiculous parts of their character lie on the surface. He that runs may read them; nor have there been wanting attentive and malicious observers to point them out. For many years after the Restoration, they were the theme of unmeasured invective and derision. They were exposed to the utmost licentiousness of the press and of the stage, at the time when the press and the stage were most licentious. They were not men of letters; they were, as a body, unpopular; they could not defend themselves; and the public would not take them under its protection. They were therefore abandoned, without reserve, to the tender mercies of the satirists and dramatists.

"Those who roused the people to resistance—who directed their measures through a long series of eventful years—who formed, out of the most unpromising materials, the finest army that Europe had ever seen—who trampled down King, Church, and Aristocracy—who, in the short intervals of domestic sedition and rebellion, made the name of England terrible to every nation on the face of the earth, were no vulgar fanatics. Most of their absurdities were mere external badges, like the signs of freemasonry or the dresses of friars. We regret that these badges were not more attractive. We regret that a body, to whose courage and talents mankind has owed inestimable obligations, had not the lofty elegance which distinguished some of the adherents of Charles I., or the easy good breeding for which the court of Charles II. was celebrated. But, if we must make our choice, we shall, like Bassanio in the play, turn from the specious caskets which contain only the Death's head and the Fool's head, and fix our choice on the plain leaden chest which conceals the treasure," &c.

RELIGION AND POLITICS.

De Tocquville, *Democracy* in *America*, p. 308, seq., speaks thus as to the practical working of Politics and Religion in the United States:

"There is no country in the whole world in which the Christian religion retains a greater influence over the souls of men than in America; and there can be no greater proof of its utility, and of its conformity to human nature, than that its influence is most powerfully felt over the most enlightened and free nation of the earth. I have remarked that the members of the American clergy in general, without even excepting those who do not admit religious liberty, are all in favor of civil freedom. * * * Christianity reigns without any obstacle by universal consent; the consequence is, as I have before observed, that every principle of the moral world is fixed and determinate, although the political world is abandoned to the debates and the experiments of men. * * * But the revolutionists of America are obliged to profess an ostensible respect for Christian morality and equality, which does not easily permit them to violate the laws that oppose their designs; nor would they find it easy to surmount the scruples of their partisans, even if they were able to get over their own. Hitherto no one, in the United States, has dared to advance the maxim, that everything is permissible with a view to the interests of society; an impious adage, which seems to have been invented in an age of freedom, to shelter all the tyrants of future ages. Thus while the law permits the Americans to do what they please, religion prevents them from conceiving, and forbids them to commit, what is rash and unjust.

"Religion in America takes no direct part in the government of society, but it must nevertheless be regarded as the foremost of the political institutions of that country." * * *

Then to show in what way religion actually is the foremost political institution of the country, he calls attention to the work done by Missionary Societies. His use of the word politician in the passage, I am about to quote, is the highest and best use of that word, meaning one devoted to the interests of government, not an office-seeker. It may interest your readers to know that I am one of these very missionaries, sent out to this coast by the American Home Missionary Society, and am now commissioned by that Society. The passage referred to reads thus:

"I have known of societies formed by the Americans to send out ministers of the gospel into the new western states, to found schools and churches there, lest religion should be suffered to die away in those remote settlements, and the rising states be less fitted to enjoy free institutions than the people from which they emanated. I met with wealthy New Englanders who abandoned the country in which they were born, in order to lay the foundation of Christianity and of freedom on the banks of the Missouri or in the prairies of Illinois. Thus religious zeal is perpetually stimulated in the United States by the duties of patriotism. These men do not act from an exclusive consideration of the promises of a future life: eternity is only one motive of their devotion to the cause; and if you converse with these missionaries of Christian civilization, you will be surprised to find how much value they set upon the goods of this world, and that you meet with a politician where you expected to find a priest. They will tell you that 'all the American republics are collectively involved with each other: if the republics of the west were to fall into anarchy, or to be mastered by a despot, the republicn institutions which now flourish upon the shores of the Atlantic ocean would be in great peril. It is therefore our interest that the new states should be religious, in order to maintain our liberties.'"

To the foregoing passage I will add the remark that it has been ascertained that in those places in the west where these missionaries of Christian civilization labored prior to the slaveholder's rebellion, the Copperheads never controlled elections and there was no draft. Is further comment necessary?

De T. then contrasts the course of French politicians, nearly all of whom were infidels, with the course pursued in America and says:

"When these men attack religious opinions, they obey the dictates of their passions to the prejudice of their interests. Despotism may govern without faith, but liberty cannot. Religion is much more necessary in the republic which they set forth in glowing colors, than in the monarchy which they attack; and it is more needed in democratic republics than in any other. How is it possible that society should escape destruction if the moral tie be not strengthened in proportion as the political tie is relaxed? and what can be done with a people which is its own master, if it be not submissive to the Divinity?"

To these profound questions thus put by De Tocqueville, I need only call attention, as a fitting reply, to what Carlyle so aptly styles "the exclamation point of history," the French Revolution of 1793, and respectfully ask our Hon. Politician to read and ponder.

EARLY RELIGIOUS INFLUENCE.

Now, no school-boy need be told that it was just this class of Puritans that planted the seeds of our own free and glorious institutions. I need only refer to the well known and undisputed fact. "The Puritans, the Scotch-Irish and the Huegenots, all essentially the same class of men in politics and religion," as the historian of the American Revolution, Lossing, in his great and magnificent work of two large octavo volumes, of 1,555 pages, well says, vol. 2, 360, "impressed so deeply upon the constitutions of every State in our Union their various principles of Protestantism, that we must not, we cannot, lose sight of the fact that the whole superstructure of our laws and government has for its basis the broad postulate of religious freedom asserted by the Puritans and Covenanters, namely: FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE IN MATTERS OF BELIEF—FREEDOM OF ACTION ACCORDING TO FAITH—FREEDOM TO CHOOSE TEACHERS AND RULERS IN CHURCH AND STATE."

On this point and the position of ministers during the Revolutionary War, I have already prepared copy which my readers will get next week.

WASHINGTON'S DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

I will not impose on my readers by quoting a TENTH PART of what I have marked concerning Washington's domestic relations. Irving, p. 17, vol. 5, says, referring to the entrance of Mrs. Washington upon the duties of her station as the wife of the First President:

"She had her husband's predilection for private life. In a letter to an intimate she writes: 'It is owing to the kindness of our numerous friends in all quarters that my new and unwished for situation is not indeed a burden to me. When I was much younger, I should probably have enjoyed the innocent gayeties of life as much as most persons of my age; but I had long since placed all the prospects of my future worldly happiness in the still enjoyments of the fireside at Mount Vernon.

"I little thought, when the war was finished, that any circumstances could possibly happen, which would call the General into public life again. I had anticipated that from that moment we should be suffered to grow old together in solitude and tranquility. That was the first and dearest wish of my heart.'"

My readers may think, with me, that it is marvelous that she should so cling "to the fire-side at Mount Vernon," so anxious that she and this dreadfully "unfaithful" husband "should be suffered to grow old together in solitude and tranquility"! But she even adds, "That was the first and dearest wish of my heart"! Poor, much abused "faithful wife"! You thought you were happy in your domestic relations, but if you could only have had our Hon. Politician's "traditionary authority" for it, you would have sent "the General into public life again," most gladly, "with a flee in his ear!" Poor, poor, "faithful wife!"

But perhaps our Hon. Politician would like to know how Washington felt toward his ill-used wife. Irving tells us how he regarded her fourteen years prior to her letter just quoted, at the time he became commander-in-chief, and when about forty-five years of age. He regretted leaving his rural home. Irving says:

"His chief concern, however, was on account of the distress it might cause to his wife. His letter to her on the subject is written in a tone of manly tenderness. 'You may believe me,' writes he, 'when I assure you, in the most solemn manner, that, so far from seeking this appointment, I have used every endeavor in my power to avoid it, not only from my unwillingness to part with you and the family, but from a consciousness of its being a trust too great for my capacity; and I should enjoy more real happiness in one month with you at home than I have the most distant prospect of finding abroad, if my stay were to be seven times seven years."
* * * * * * * * *

He writes, subsequently, to his favorite brother, John Augustine, referring to his wife:

"I shall hope that my friends will visit, and endeavor to keep up the spirits of my wife as much as they can, for my departure will, I know, be a cutting stroke upon her; and on this account alone I have many disagreeable sensations."

The ENQUIRER could be filled from Lossing's History alone, on the moral character of Washington, while on no page of Irving, Lossing, or any other author, except such a collection of current gossip as that of Hamilton, is there a breath or a hint damaging to the character of Washington. I will close this subject, certainly a painful one to my readers, by saying that in the index of Lossing's History I find NINETEEN references to "his moral and religious character.

Yours, &c., J. A. JOHNSON.

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT DECLARING PEACE.

WHEREAS, by proclamation of the 15th and 19th of April, 1861, the President of the United States, in virtue of the power vested in him by the Constitution and the laws, declared that the laws of the United States were opposed and the execution thereof obstructed in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by ordinary judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in Marshals by law; and whereas, by another proclamation made on the 16th of August of the same year, in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved July 13, 1861, the inhabitants of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, except the inhabitants of that portion of Virginia lying west of the Alleghany Mountains, and of such other parts of that State and the other States before named as might maintain loyal adhesion to the Union and Constitution, or might from time to time be occupied and controlled by the forces of the United States engaged in the dispersion of the insurgents, were declared to be in a state of insurrection against the United States; and whereas, by another proclamation on the 1st of July, 1862, issued in pursuance of the Act of Congress, approved June 7th of the same year, the insurrection was declared to be still existing in the States enumerated, with the exception of certain specified counties in the State of Virginia; and whereas, by another proclamation of April 2d, 1863, in pursuance of an Act of Congress, of July 13th, 1861, the exceptions named in the proclamation of August 16th, 1861, were revoked, and the inhabitants of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida, and Virginia, except the forty-eight counties of Virginia designated as West Virginia and the ports of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal and Beaufort (S. C.) were declared to be in a state of insurrection against the United States; and whereas, the House of Representatives, on the 22d of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words following, viz: "Resolved, etc., That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in revolt against the constitutional government of the United States, and in arms around the Capital; that in this national emergency, Congress, banishing all feelings of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country, that this war is not waged on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for the purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, and to maintain and defend the supremacy of the Constitution and preserve the Union with all its equality and the dignity of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished this war ought to cease;" and whereas, the Senate of the United States, on the 20th of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in words the same as above; and whereas, these resolutions, though not joint or concurrent in form, are substantially identical, and as such may be regarded as having expressed the sense of Congress upon the subject to which they relate; and whereas, by my proclamation of the 13th of June last, the insurrection in the State of Tennessee was declared to have been suppressed, the authority of the United States therein to be undisputed, and such officers as had been deputed in the unrestricted exercise of their official functions; and whereas, there now exists no organized armed resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States in the States of Georgia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by proper civic authority, State or Federal, and the people of said States are well and loyally disposed, and have conformed or will conform in their legislation to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibiting slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States; and whereas, in consideration of these before stated premises, it is the manifest determination of the American people that no State of its own will has the right to separate itself or be separated from the American Union, and that therefore each State ought to remain and constitute an integral part of the United States; and whereas the people of the several before mentioned States have, in the main, given satisfactory evidence that they acquiesce in the sovereign and important (?) restoration of the national unity; and whereas it is believed to be a fundamental principle of the Government that the people who have revolted and have been overcome and subdued must so be dealt with as to induce them voluntarily to become friends, or else they must be held by absolute military power, or else so devastated as to forever prevent them from doing harm as enemies which last named policy is abhorrent to humanity and freedom; and whereas the Constitution of the United States provides for constitutional communities only as States and not as Territories, dependences or provinces; and whereas their consent must necessarily be had by the Constitution of the United States to be placed on an equal footing as to rights, immunities and powers with the several States with which they are connected—which political policy is based upon a principle of right and justice well calculated to induce the people of said States to become more constant in renewed allegiance; and whereas, standing armies, military occupation, military law, military tribunals and the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus are, in time of peace, dangerous to public liberty, incompatible with the individual rights of persons, contrary to the genius of our free institutions, and exhaustive of national resources, and ought not therefore to be sanctioned or allowed, except in cases of actual necessity for repelling invasion or for the suppression of treason; and whereas, the Government of the United States, from the beginning of the insurrection to its suppression, has been carried on in conformity with the principles heretofore enunciated, therefore I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the insurrection which has heretofore existed in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida is at an end, and is henceforth to be so regarded.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done, at the city of Washington this second day of April, in the year of our Lord 1866, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninetieth,

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.
W. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

WE have heard with no little trepidation of a project to establish a school of design for women. For Heaven's sake are there not designing women enough already?

VETO OF THE "ODIOUS RAILROAD BILL."

The following is the veto of Governor Low to the now defunct atttempted railroad swindle. The Governor is entitled to the thanks of the people of the State for guarding their interests in this matter:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, March 31, 1866.

To the Assembly of the State of California:

I herewith return, without my approval, Assembly Bill No. 399, "An Act to aid the construction of the Placerville and Sacramento Valley and the Western Pacific Railroads."

The bill provides that the State shall guarantee and pay the interest, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, on bonds hereafter to be issued by the Placerville and Sacramento Valley Railroad Company, in the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and in like manner guarantee and pay the interest on certain bonds already issued by the Western Pacific Railroad Company, in the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, at the rate of six per cent. per annum; the interest in both cases to be paid semi-annually for the term of twenty years.

To provide a fund for the payment of the interest herein specified, a tax of ten cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property in the State is levied annually for the period of twenty years. If the amount to be derived from the tax levied be insufficient to pay the interest, then the State Treasurer is authorized and required to supply the deficiency from any moneys that may be in the General Fund. In other words, the State, by virtue of this bill, promises and agrees to pay annually to the holders of the Placerville and Sacramento Valley Railroad Company's bonds, $25,500, and to the holders of the bonds of the Western Pacific Railroad Company $90,000, making a total of $2,850,000 for the twenty years.

The only return to the State for this expenditure, in addition to the general advantages which will result from the construction of the roads, appears to be the free transportation of public messengers, convicts going to the State Prison, lunatics going to the Insane Asylum, material for the construction of State buildings, articles intended for exhibition at the Fairs of the State Agricultural Society, and, in case of war, invasion or insurrection, as well as at other times, free transportation for all troops and munitions of war belonging to the State. No conditions are imposed upon the proprietors of these roads, further than that one shall build and equip at least twenty miles of road each year here fter, and that the other shall build and equip ten miles annually, including that portion already constructed, until the former shall be completed from San Jose to Sacramento, via, Stockton, and the latter from Folsom to Placerville.

The length of the first named road is about 120 miles, of which nearly 20 miles are built; and of the one last named, 30 miles are in running order, leaving but 10 or 12 miles to be completed under the provisions of this bill.

Leaving out of view the legal and constitutional questions involved, I cannot reconcile measures of this character with my settled convictions of public policy. Is it of sufficient importance to the people of the whole State that ten miles of railroad be built between Shingle Springs and Placerville to justify a contribution of $1,000,000? and will the State receive, in any manner, a *quid pro quo* for accelerating the construction of the road from San Jose to Sacramento by a donation of $1,800,000? I think not.

It is said that the Placerville and Sacramento Valley Railroad is intended as a connecting link in a railroad across the Sierras, an enterprise which, if carried out, will be of great importance; it is also said that a portion of the proposed subsidy will be used for extending the line beyond Placerville; if this be the intention it should have been made a condition in the bill. I am not disposed to underestimate the importance of a speedy construction of both the railroads mentioned in this bill, yet neither of them appear to be of such value to the people of the State as to justify appropriations in their behalf of the magnitude proposed.

I am not unmindful of the many cogent reasons that can be urged in support of bills of this character, nor do I regard lightly the numerous precedents found in the actions of States east of the Rocky Mountains, that have afforded aid to enterprises of a kindred nature. And while instances may be adduced where State aid could properly be extended, there can be no case presented where such munificent donations could with justice be invoked for the benefit of railroads, local in their character, and of little practical importance to a large portion of the State.

That there may be no misconception in regard to the course adopted by me in the approval of an Act granting aid to the Central Pacific Railroad Company in 1864, and withholding my assent to a similar bill—the one under consideration—I desire to say that when I approved the former Act I had in view the fact that its acceptance by that company released the State from a donation of half a million of dollars, made in time of war, by the Legislature of 1863. The change in the character of the donation I considered at the time advantageous to the State, for the withdrawal from the treasury within a short time of five hundred thousand dollars would have seriously embarrassed the State finances, while a larger sum, distributed through a period of twenty years, could be met without serious inconvenience. In addition to to this, my reading of the Constitution led me to believe that such Acts of the Legislature were subject to repeal whenever it might be considered proper. This opinion, however, is at variance with a decision since rendered by the Supreme Court of this State, which, under the Constitution, is the tribunal of last resort. The decision referred to removes restrictions which heretofore were supposed to exist; hence great caution should be exercised by the Legislature in making contracts or granting subsidies which are to bind the State for a term of years.

Taxation, in a large portion of this State, is already excessive, and there is little prospect of any immediate abatement. During the present session of the Legislature laws have been passed authorizing an increased rate of taxation in many counties, but I cannot now recall a single Act intended to restrict the power of local officers in the levying of taxes to a less rate than has heretofore ruled. Many counties have failed to meet the interest accruing on their funded debts and to redeem their bonds which have lately matured; and to obviate oppressive and immediate taxation, Acts have been passed to provide for again funding these debts, which cannot now be liquidated.

In view of these considerations, and also for the reason that large contributions are required from the people, in the form of Federal taxes, it should be our aim to devise and carry into effect measures of economy in State expenditure, so far as is consistent with the public welfare, and thereby lessen the burdens of taxation for State purposes. At the commencement of

my term of office I took occasion to say to the people of this State that, "in considering bills which may come to me for my official sanction, while I should greatly regret to differ with the legislative representatives of the people, I shall not forget that I, too, have been intrusted with a share of the responsibility in the matter, and that I cannot render a good account of my stewardship if my approval is given to a single Act which my judgment tells me is inconsistent with the fundamental law, or with the public welfare."

The bill under consideration is liable to one, if not both of these objections. To give it my official sanction would not only be contrary to my convictions of duty, but would be in direct violation of the pledge made in my Inaugural. And the promise being made must be kept.

FRED'K F. LOW, Governor.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1866

Now, by St. Paul, the work goes bravely on,
The Stars and Stripes are up for Liberty,
Flag of the Nation--Talisman of the Free,
Curs'd be the hand that dares to pull thee down.

MINING AT GOLD RUN.—During a brief stay at Gold Run the early part of this week, we paid a few of the many claims that abounds there a hasty visit. The greatest activity seemed prevalent among the miners, and in our opinion, there are but few localities, if any, in our State, where this branch of industry is prosecuted on a more extensive scale or with greater success than in that District. Hydraulic mining is the rule, and nearly the last broad acre comprised within an area, limited only by miles, is devoted to this character of mining; and what is better still, many of the claims thus being worked are yielding good dividends, while in no single instance, so far as we are advised, does the returns fall short of remunerative wages. Among the most prominent claims we visited, may be enumerated the Cedar, owned by Messrs. Brogan, Johnson and others; Home Ticket, owned by Capt. Rathburn and G. L. Slocumb; Perseverance, owned by Messrs. Hauser, Robinson and Bartlett, and the Huyck's claims. The Cedar recently cleaned up $8,600, the result of twenty days washing, while the others we have mentioned will yield, each on an average, about $100 per day. It is also a well established fact, that the celebrated Blue Cement Lead, found in the vicinity of You Bet and Red Dog, passes directly through these claims, and it may therefore be said that they are worked with a double chance. We were informed that a move is about being inaugurated by several leading companies, to sink a joint shaft with the view of prospecting it. Gaylord & Co. have erected a mill, and are now successfully working the same lead only about a mile further south. The resources of Gold Run are, indeed, great, if not inexhaustible, and it must necessarily remain a flourishing place for years to come, independent of any effect the railroad may produce.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, Mr. N. Fellows, a foreman in the employ of the C. P. R. Company, above this place, while engaged in charging a blast, was seriously, though not fatally, burned by the accidental explosion of a keg of powder. The unfortunate man was subsequently brought to Nary Red, near town, when it was ascertained that he was in destitute circumstances, whereupon Rev. Mr. Peck, Pastor of the M. E. Church, set about petitioning aid from our citizens, who subscribed with commendable liberality the sum of $110. The Mite Society appropriated the proceeds of their entertainment, which amounted to some $20 to the same object, and we learn that it is also the intention of the M. E. Church Aid Society to similarly devote the proceeds of their last meeting. Our citizens are liberal, and proverbially prompt in relieving the wants of any worthy object of charity. The Railroad Company, it is expected, will give liberally from their abundance, when a knowledge of the facts reaches them.

A NOVEL SIGN.—We notice that Dr. Strong has recently placed in front of his drug store a perfect image of a Chinaman of life-size, holding a mortar marked "drugs." We never knew before that Chinamen were good for anything but eating rats and building railroads, but are now convinced that they can be made useful, if not ornamental as signs. The sign is attractive for its novelty, if nothing else, and we imagine that but few persons will hereafter pass along Main street without learning where the remedies are to be obtained for all the "ills to which the flesh is heir."

MITE SOCIETY.—The last meeting of the "Mites" at the Golden Eagle Hall, was the grandest affair that has come off under the auspices of the Society during the season. The attendance was large and the music, by Mr. Edmonds, the celebrated violinist, assisted by Burr and Austin, was the best ever danced to in this place. Nothing transpired to mar the festivities, and the exercises were conducted in the most agreeable manner until a late hour. Another meeting, which is designed to be the last of the season, is announced for nexr Tuesday evening.

THEATER.—The California Comedy Troupe performed in this place two nights the past week to small houses. The performance, taken as a whole, will compare favorably with similar entertainments witnessed in mountain towns, and merited a greater share of patronage than our citizens bestowed. Mr. Geo. Edmonds as a violinist is without a superior, that we have heard, in the State, and Mrs. Dramer in a danseuse in the most extravagant sense of the term, while Mr. Everett as a general comedian has but few superiors.

GLAD TO HEAR IT.—We hear that the cars of the C. P. Railroad will run to Secrettown sometime the coming week. The heavy trestle at Camp 2 was completed last Sunday, and on Monday a strong force began laying down the iron. The 20th of May is the day set for reaching this place. The deep cut just opposite Gold Run, which is the heaviest piece of unfinished grading between this place and Secrettown, will be completed in a few days.

TEMPERANCE.—Mr. Taylor, the traveling Lecturer, connected with the Order of Good Templars of this State, delivered a lecture on the subject of Temperance in the Union Church on Thursday and Friday evenings last. Last evening there was quite an audience to listen to this advocate of the noble cause, who appeared much pleased with the remarks of lecturer. We believe it is the intention of Mr. Taylor to deliver a series of lectures in this place next week.

CHINAMAN KILLED.—A Chinaman on yesterday instantl "shuffled off this mortal coil" by being washed through the Little Bear river flume, near this place. He "went up the flume" while being force down it.

WE have received a communication in regard to the controversy between Rev. Mr. Johnson and Bible Reader, which is laid over until next week.

BIBLE READER AGAIN.

MR. EDITOR:—As I predicted, modern times are about to witness an illustration of the moral of the ancient fable. Our ministerial Dædulus is "waxing" warm. True, he tells us he is "cool," but nobody believes it. Soaring higher and higher into those realms of thought and historical criticism which are utterly beyond the grasp of a man of his diameter, he has lost his temper. He is bewildered. He is beside himself. He shows evident signs of "melting." And, sadder still, he seems to have lost, in his wild, floundering flight, that divine virtue or grace which one, Paul, describes so eloquently in the thirteenth chapter of first Corinthians, a virtue greater than "faith" or "hope," a virtue which "Beareth all things, endureth all things" and which "never faileth." Thus it is that his four mortal columns of breezy prose, published in last week's ENQUIRER, are so utterly destitute of spiritual vigor or literary point. The inside article, by its feeble and unsuccessful attempt at sarcasm and wit being well represented by the "tinkling cymbal," and the outside aricle, by its gross and barefaced misconstruction of plain, historical facts being well represented by the "sounding brass." If these two articles are fair examples in a literary, historical, or spiritual point of view, of the *sermons* of my clerical opponent, then I submit that those sermons must be beautiful and conclusive illustrations of what St. Paul so wittily calls the "foolishness of preaching." I propose to turn over the outside article above referred to to the tender mercies of my "man Friday," who feels fully competent to dissect and expose all such flimsy and ridiculous pettifogging. The inside article I intended to pulverize myself, but I find on examination that there is but one idea in the entire column, and that announces in substance that Thomas Jefferson was an "*overestimated*" scoundrel. I did not suppose that my ministerial opponent would so soon adopt my principles and my practice. I did not suppose that he would so soon come to my succor and assist me in tearing away the disgraceful and false drapery which the ignorance or the idolatrous flunkeyism of the times has thrown around those imaginary Gods—the heroes of the revolution. I welcome thee to my aid, O ministerial Iconoclast! But let me just hint as we pass along that it may not be entirely consistent for you, after having censured me for speaking disrespectfully of the illustrious dead—in the case of Washington—to resort to the same practice yourself—in the case of Jefferson.

I promised last week to say a word in this article concerning the "domestic relations" of Washington. This, I confess, is a delicate theme. I tremble, lest by some *lapsus linguæ*, I may offend the delicate moral sense of a California community. Right here, let all the pious admirers of Washington be sustained and supported by the fact that David—the sweet singer of Israel—was "a man after God's own heart," and that there was nothing in the conduct of Washington which did not find precedent in the exam le of the vigorous son of Jesse. My clerical opponent *modestly* demands the "proof" of my insinuations. I *modestly* decline. He knows very well that no facts of this nature are recorded in the school books or sycophantic biographies. He knows very well that my authority must be the same, in nature, as that upon which the first two—possibly three—Gospels are founded—purely *traditionary*. And he knows too, if he is at all familiar with the laws and philosophy of evidence, that circumstantial and traditionary evidence is more reliable *than any other species of evidence whatever*. But my *modest*, unsophisticated opponent noisily demands the "*proof*." He cannot have it here. I shall only say that my attention was first called to this subject by one of the leading clergymen of this state, and that there are men of character, education, and standing here, who were born and raised in the vicinity of Mount Vernon, who in their youth often conversed with the old neighbors of Washington and who, if my unsophisticated opponent would make their acquaintance, would tell him some things "undreamed of in his philosophy." Things "unattempted yet in prose or rhyme," but which fully sustain my statements and the dubious or delicate insinuation of Everett that "Washington at every period of his life was *somewhat susceptible*." Here let me say, that so far as known, the relations between Washington and his wife were always of the most felicitous and delightful character. She was a grand woman, of the old school, abhorring affectation and shams, and while she was, no doubt, acquainted with the conduct of her husband, it never marred their relations or affection for each other. This is explained by the fact that the same feelings upon these matters, do not prevail in a slave holding community that obtain in a community where slavery does not exist. I now take my leave of this great man. Some poor, narrow-minded bigot may think I have slandered him. Who cares? No person living can have a more exalted opinion of the *true, real* Washington, *as he was*, than myself. With all his passions, defects and failings, and he had many, no priest, or politician, or king, who walks the earth today is worthy to unloose the latchets of his shoes.

I descend from Washington to Paul. In a former article I referred to these words of Scripture: "I *would* thou wert cold or hot," and ascribed their authorship, incidentally to Paul, but find on examination that John is, most likely, entitled to the honor, although this is by no means certain, as it was many years before the early Christians agreed upon the authenticity, or unanimously consented to let the Book of Revelation have a place in the sacred canon. I dismiss with contempt the "spirit rapping" theory that these words were spoken by the "spirit" of Christ, through the "medium," John, to the church at Laodicea. I called the words a "prayer." Here my ministerial critic dissents, and makes a furious charge—a charge to which he refers with schoolboy delight in all his articles—a charge which reminds me of the one made by the Sixty-ninth Irish Regiment at Bull Run. Is it possible that a man who sets himself up as a religious teacher is ignorant of the true definition of a prayer? Is prayer a set form of words, with a studied exodium and formal peroration?

"Prayer is the soul's sincere desire,
Utter'd or unexpressed:
The motion of a hidden fire
That trembles in the breast."

So sings the Christian poet, and so accords the dictionaries. Therefore the words "I *would* thou wert cold or hot" constitute a "*prayer*," and the poor Bible Reader is not extinguished. Mr. Editor, I now draw my "unique" and "remarkable" essays to a close. For your kindness in allowing me the use of your columns you have my thanks, and more—an interest in my daily prayers. As for my clerical opponent, I expect to meet him some day in the Elysian fields, and walking with him along the banks of the river of life, talk over the characters of Washington and Jefferson, and hear him admit with angelic humility and sweetness that the old world wherein we once did dwell, for its liberty, civilization and enlightenment, owed more to the politician than to the priest.

BIBLE READER.

MORE OF THE SAME SORT.

MR. EDITOR:—I regret to hear that I am regarded by my Hon. opponent of the politicial persuasion, alias Bible Reader, as uncharitable. I will pass by for the present his charge that I am a demagogue, in order to explain my want of charity. To be sure I did not expect a call for charity from him so soon, but, since he makes it, I feel strongly moved that way, and hence I pause to make

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

It never has been regarded as an offence, I believe, to save sheep even at the expense of a wolf; but to find a wolf in sheep's clothing, (I borrow here from the Hon. "Reader's" "favorite bock,") and that wolf thus disguised in the sheepfold—well! reader, I confess to having been a little uncharitable toward the intruder! So, also, a robber has not had the sympathy of good society for some years past; but, Mr. Editor, to find a robber in your house disguised as your friend—I should hope to be forgiven if I seemed rather uncharitable and somewhat personal in the way I might dispose of his case. But is not this writer even a worse robber, seeking, as he does, to rob us of what is infinitely more valuable than gold and jewels, the revered character of the illustrious dead, and even doing this in behalf of profanity, immorality and infidelity, being coolly disguised all the while as a Bible Reader? Does he not

"Steal the livery of heaven to serve devil in"?

Is he not truly a rebel soldier disguised in stolen army blue? Yes, it is of no use to deny that I have not had much charity for this writer, while his reckless falsification of history, his unprovoked slander of Washington, and his unscrupulous misrepresentations of the ministers of Christianity, have had the effect of exciting my indignation toward such a pretended friend of truth, but in reality a thinly disguised enemy of the Bible, of Christianity and her ministers, of patriotism, and even of morality. If now, this lack of charity and this abundance of indignation, thus confessed, poor me a sinner, the company in which I find myself affords me some excuse, perhaps. At present I will refer to only one case. See Mark iii, 5. A wily, hard-faced company confronts Jesus of Nazareth: they had come to church (the synagogue) to catch him in his words: as readers of the law, (that is, the Jewish scriptures, that is, as Bible Readers!) they object to his leading in reforms, insisting that they would lead and he must follow! This, we are told, was even too much for the mild and loving Nazarene, "And he looked round about on them with anger." In truth, I could have no faith in God, if I could think of him as an idle spectator of this world's wrongs and wrong-doers. I fully believe, as the Bible declares, Ps. 7th, that "God is angry with the wicked every day." I find the deepest philosophy in Ro. xii, 9: "ABHOR that which is evil: CLEAVE to that which is good." I close this topic by another quotation, which I commend to the attention of this Hon. Reader, which is the purest charity I can bestow upon him: 1 Thes. iv, 11, "that you study to be quiet, and to do your own business, and to work with your own hands."

TRADITIONARY AUTHORITY.

Webster defines *traditionary* as "communicated from ancestors to descendants by word only; transmitted from age to age without writing." In other words, tradition is the unwritten talk, gossip or stories set afloat in the life-time of the person to whom they refer, or at the time of the event to which they relate. As such talk, gossip and stories never increase on being repeated, and always are getting nearer the truth than when they started, so, of course, by the time they have been handed down through two or three generations, they must become the very quintessence of truth, and the man must have lost his reason who does not implicitly believe them. Perhaps there may be an abundance of plain, positive written testimony, and written, too, at the very time these stories were set afloat, by intimate and candid friends, but the greater the abundance, the worse for the written testimony, and the more candid the friends, the worse for their candor, if *traditionary authority* (!) disagrees with them! Moreover, the case is all the worse, if several of the ablest men of the land, conscientious, pains-taking historians, such as Irving, Everett, Lossing, &c., have given some of the best years of their lives to a minute and careful study of these written documents, and to sifting these traditions, and all of them have come without consultation, to the same conclusion, namely, that these rumors, stories and gossip, can be nothing more nor less than unmitigated slander. If you want the truth of the whole case, please consult a newspaper squib by a writer who never blunders when he refers to the Bible or history!

"O most lame and impotent conclusion!"

But it is on just *such* authority that this Hon. Politician, with a plausibility worthy of his character, has attempted to set aside the verdict of the civilized world and blacken the character of Washington! But, worst of all, the whole weight of this tradition rests on his unsupported word, and stated, too, to suit himself. Then, as the climax of proof, he adds, "I have deliberately come to the conclusion, that traditionary authority fully justifies my assertion that Washington was the most profane man of his his time." Ah! me.

In looking out his references, which he dare not quote as I always do, giving volume and page, word for word, I find that he has totally misrepresented his authorities, so far as I have had time to examine. I wish I could quote his reference to Irving, as an example, but I need not, for we have seen quite enough of his *accurate* and *trustworthy* references to history and the Bible, and any sophistry or special pleading he may attempt will not explain away his inaccuracy and utter untrustworthiness even in so plain a thing as Paul's famous prayer. I have not called his inaccuracy a crime, though such wretched blundering is little short of it, especially when he attempts to sustain a falsehood or a scandal by such misrepresentations of the facts of history. But he will hardly surprise me hereafter, for I shall even be prepared to have him refer to tradition again, and perhaps venture to quote that delightful volume of Revolutionary gossip and scandal compiled by the very moral and pure-minded duelist, Hamilton. Perhaps he will quote Burr, also! But I would not be unjust. Even Thomas Paine rendered very great help to the patriotic cause; Hamilton rendered far greater; yet these gentlemen are not my models in all things. I even prefer George Washington!

In closing, I pass over many things I designed to notice, but would not fail to acknowledge my great obligations to him for his lucid theological essay on religious "*convictions*." More anon. In great haste, yours, &c.,

J. A. JOHNSON.

April 13, 1866.

RESOLUTIONS.—At the meeting of the Union Sunday School, on the 8th inst., the following resolutions were adopted and ordered to be published in the ENQUIRER:

Resolved, That the Union Sunday School celebrate the 1st day of May, with the usual Pic-nic Party, and that ALL the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity be invited to participate.

Resolved, That the teachers and officers of the school constitute a committee to select suitable grounds for that purpose, and report to the Sunday School.

H. DAVIS, Superintendent.
H. HUDEPOHL, Secretary.

THE stages have resumed their regular trips between this place and Colfax.

LETTER FROM GOLD RUN.

GOLD RUN, April 12, 1866.

EDITOR ENQUIRER:—I think it was John Paul who said in prefacing a letter from San Francisco to the Sacramento *Union* that he "wished he had as many dollars as there was nothing to write about." Now if the vacuum at present existing in the receptacle which I use for my loose change were filled with this desirable coin in exactly the same proportion with regard to this place as the *Union's* correspondent desired his to be with regard to the Bay City, even the flattering prospects of Meadow Lake would fail to induce me to change my base in quest of further wealth. I do not recollect whether the gentleman in question commenced the letter referred to, with the usual hackneyed subject which people resort to when they meet under embarrassing circumstances, or not, however I can see no other ray of hope in this dreadful extremity and must therefore make a dash at

THE WEATHER.

If my library included "Thomson's Seasons" I might be tempted to select therefrom some "elegant extract," which would more appropriately express the jubilant feelings of Gold Runners generally at the change which has taken place in the weather than I can possibly do. Appearances everywhere betoken the return of spring, or taking the present temperature of the atmosphere into consideration, I might say, that spring has been left out of the catalogue altogether, and summer has usurped the time allotted to both seasons. Ladies without number, arrayed in their summer attire, their faces beaming with the smiles reflected from nature, grace every street with their joyously fluttering, gracefully moving, sweetly enchanting presence tinging everything around with their own happy aspect. Every tree in our vicinity is resonant with the songs of birds, and every valley smiling with the beauteous and ever-varying tints of flowers. But let me hold. I refer your readers to Thomson for the necessary ideas to carry out this train of thought, being obliged to descend from fancy's flight to very plain matters of fact. In consideration of the context I was going to commence a sentence about "splendid equipages, chargers with proudly-arched necks," &c., being seen passing through our town daily, but am reluctantly compelled to come down to teaming, ("O what a fa ling off is here my countrymen;" it reminds me of the orator who soared like an eagle and came down like a goose,) in which branch of business operations are being rapidly resumed. Teamsters will load at Secret Town very soon, and this will be the point from which they will take their departure, until the railroad operatives effect a passage through the Charybdis, located just outside of town, and which at one time seemed yawning to engulf all the adjoining houses had the proprietors not succeeded in having them previously removed.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Having exhausted "the weather" I shall proceed to generalize a little as my time is limited. We are going to have a May Party, at which everybody and his wife are bent on having a "high old time." The proceeds go to the school house, and every enterprise tending to further education in any way should receive the patronage of every man who has the future welfare of his country at heart.

An attempt was made to rob Mason & White's store the other night. I may remark that the only stranger seen in town on that occasion was a gentleman from your office.

We have a "Champion's belt" in town which is awarded to the successful contestant of any fisticuff affray which occurs. The present incumbent is a gentleman whom I shall for the want of a better name term "Bruiser;" he vanquished a professional gentleman for drawing his "counterfeit presentment" and failing to effect a suitable resemblance.

The correspondence between Rev. J. A. Johnson and Bible Reader has been attracting some attention here. With regard to its actual results I must say that no proselytes have been produced here; it has left us in the same state of opinion which we entertained before i s commencement. "*De mortuis nil nisi bonum*," is a maxim which I like to see put in practice in all cases, but with regard to Washington, there is a halo of reverence which will ever linger around his memory in the breast of every American which time itself cannot efface, and which slander is powerless to obliterate. True, he had his faults like other men. (sublimity of swearing excepted,) but in consid-ration of what he achieved for his country, we should not

"Draw them from their dread abode,
(There they alike in trembling hope repose.)
The bosom of his Father and his God."

QUID NUNC.

NEW GOODS.—Our merchants are now receiving a large supply of spring and summer goods. Those having the largest and most attractive goods in the place we can name Messrs. Wursburg & Brother, whose assortment is good in every sense of the word, having been laid in with especial attention to the wants of our people, who can secure good bargains and the latest fashions by calling early.

Messrs. Adler & Hudepohl are receiving one of the largest assortments of dry goods, ladies' furnishing goods, etc., ever brought to this place. What Stewart's is to New York this house is to Dutch Flat, and in fact to Placer county. There is no article in the range of a lady's wardrobe or toilette requirement but may be obtained from these gentlemen, who are always happy to wait upon their fair customers.

Mr. Maker has finally made arrangements by which he is constantly in receipt of family groceries of a superior quality, with fresh vegetables, candies, etc., which he offers at retail at a small advance on cost prices below. By the way, we consider this house one of the essential "institutions" in our town. Those who are not prepared to lay in a large supply can always count upon obtaining what they require for present purposes at a fair rate by going to "Maker's."

Fred. Burckhalter is constantly receiving every description of family and miner's provisions, tools, hardware, powder, fuse and liquors, by pack-mules and wagons, but it don't appear to us that he makes much headway in filling up his large store. The fact is, he appears to be selling more than he can ship, which accounts for the dilapidated appearance of his store at present. Fred., you should take lessons from Arnstein, he keeps a full store.

The place for gentlemen to supply themselves with the latest fashions in the shape of fine dress coats, pants, vests, hats and boots, with all the necessary accompaniments, just from the bay, is at Lakamp's clothing emporium, where can be obtained the best at reasonable rates, after which take a drink and dine at the National Hotel where you will enjoy the good things of life and be in a condition to be supremely happy and sociable.

RIGHT.—For many years the children connected with the two Sunday Schools in this place have been in the habit of having separate pic nics on May-day, much to the scandal of those instrumental in fermenting the evil passions of our youth. This year, however, we are glad to learn that the pic-nic and celebration of the first of May, is to be a joint affair with the children of both schools. This is as it should be; and we predict such a celebration as will be gratifying to all the friends of both schools.

CONGRESSIONAL.—Both houses of the National Congress have repudiated the President and his "policy," by the triumphant passage of the Civil Rights Bill over his veto. The result was received with demonstrations of approval by a large concourse of spectators, and is being re-echoed by the Union press and all true loyalists throughout the land.

CONCERT.—The concert given at the Union Church the latter part of last week, was, as everybody expected it would be, a tip-top affair and a complete success. The music was well selected and admirably performed, and those who volunteered their services for the occasion, vied with each other in contributing to the harmony of the evening. Mrs. Cooke and Mrs. Farr conducted the instrumental portion of the entertainment in a manner that left no room for saying that it could be surpassed. The German Glee Club sang several pieces, all of which were well received. Little Mary Cooke's "Grafted him into the army," could not be easily beat by one of her age. "'Neath the green-wood tree," "Come Where the Violets Blow" and "Meet me by Moon-light Alone," were all very fine and well-rendered, but we consider the solo entitled "Sunny Side the Way" as sung by Miss Hauser, the gem of the evening. Mr. Cooke's comic songs were good, and provoked much merriment. We understand that another entertainment is contemplated, of which due notice will be given.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.—A bold attempt was made, on last Sunday night, to rob the store of Mason & White, Gold Run. Although several parties were sleeping in the premises at the time, the burglar, before being discovered, had succeeded in prying off the lock and was only prevented from entering by a bar that secured the door on the inside. Mr. White had a good opportunity to shoot, and endeavored to do so, but unfortunately his pistol contained neither powder or ball. At this juncture the thief, doubtless catching the sound of war-like prepartions on the inside, very wisely concluded that it was getting rather warm to be conducive to good health and as a sanitary measure, skedaddled instanter. Since which time no clue to his identity or whereabouts has been obtained.

STORE ROBBED.—On Tuesday night last the store of M. J. Hydeliff, at Red Dog, was entered by burglars and robbed of some seventy-five or eighty dollars in coin, and clothing and other goods to the amount of about $500 00.—No arrests were made.

BORN.

At Washington Yolo county, April 3d, the wife of J. F. Calderwood of a daughter.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between G. E. Mason and Harrison White under the name and style of Mason & White, at Gold Run, Placer county, Cal., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Persons indebted to the late firm of Mason & White are requested to settle the same with G. E. Mason or David White. G. E. MASON.
April 12, 1866. H. HARRISON WHITE.

NOTICE.—David White having purchased the interest of Harrison White in the late firm of Mason & White the business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of Mason & White. G. E. MASON.
April 14, 1866. 1m DAVID WHITE.

B. F. MOORE, BANKER,
(SUCCESSOR TO HALL & ALLEN.)
GOLD RUN AND DUTCH FLAT.

Will attend to collections, procure Eastern and European exchanges, drawn by Wells, Fargo & Co., or others.
General or Special Deposite received, and transact a general banking business.
Having an assay office connected with the Dutch Flat branch, I am enabled to test every quality of Gold Dust and pay the highest relative prices.
Also agent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, Pioneer Stage Co., and Phœnix (of Hartford) Insurance Co.
Oct8-3m

CANDIES! CANDIES!!
Interesting for Country Dealers.
DO YOU KNOW THAT
SCHRODER & FISHER,
113 K st., Theater Building, Sacramento,
MANUFACTURE THE BEST AND LARGEST VARIETY of CANDIES made on the Pacific Coast?
DO YOU KNOW
That they sell the same at Wholesale as CHEAP as it can be purchased at San Francisco, thus saving freight and insurance?
IF YOU DO NOT KNOW IT
We now assure you that such is a fact. Call when you are down here at our Candy Manufactory and Fancy Cake Bakery, and be convinced to buy of us is money saved. Examine our assortment before purchasing elsewhere, and KNOW that it is superior to any other.
Buy of us, Save Money, and be Happy!
ap14-tf SCHRODER & FISHER.

CARPENTERS & UPHOLSTERERS.
SMITH & HILDRETH,
TWO DOORS BELOW THE THEATER, MAIN ST.,
RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE THAT THEY ARE prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.
NEW MATERIAL FOR BEDDING!
They also inform the public that they are now manufacturing, from California Soap Root, a very
SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF BEDDING,
Equal to the best Curled Hair, at half the cost. Those desirous of obtaining Bedding, Sofas, Lounges, etc., are invited to call.
☞ Beds, and every description of Furniture repaired at short notice. ap7-tf

QUARTZ MILLS FOR SALE.
ONE FIFTEEN STAMP MILL AND ONE FIVE STAMP MILL.
Either of the above mill be sold cheap for cash, or will be put up on a good rein on reasonable terms, for part cash and an interest in the vein. Persons having good claims and in want of a mill of any capacity from five to twenty stamps, will find it to their interest to state particulars in writing, and direct to the office. ap1-tf

Lebanon Mining Company Prospect Hill, Placer County.
NOTICE:—A special meeting of the stockholders of the above named company will take place at their office on Prospect Hill, Placer county, California, on Saturday, the 21st day of April, 1866, for the amendment of the By-Laws of the Company, and the transaction of other important business.
Proxies properly stamped, must be filed with the Secretary. H. D. KELLER, Sec'y.
March 26, 1866. d

"ESSEX,"
Corner of Main and Virginia streets,
GOLD RUN, CALIFORNIA.
O. W. HOLLENBECK.....PROPRIETOR
THIS new and spacious Billiard Saloon, which has just been fitted up in first rate style, is now open to the public, and will be constantly stocked with the best
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
that can be purchased on the Pacific coast.
A polite and attentive bar-keeper always in attendance to wait upon visitors. je-24tf

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY.
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.
HENRY RUNCKLE.....PROPRIETOR.
THE Proprietor of this old Established Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment.
Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies
always on hand. He is also prepared to furnish to families and miners every Saturday with
Fresh Brown Bread.
Persons wishing it fresh will please have their orders. jan10-y1-tf

Poultry, Fruit and Vegetables.
HENRY BURCKHALTER respectfully announces to the citizens that he has just opened the store opposite the stone store of Messrs. Adler & Hudepohl where he will keep a good stock of
Poultry, Fruit and Vegetables,
always on hand. A call from families and others respectfully solicited. dec9-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Placer, on a judgement rendered in said court on the 22d day of February, 1866, in favor of E. L. Bradley and against Johanus Vogle, Rachael Vogle, R. Ka Vogle, Sarah Vogle, Edmund Vogle and S. Heyman, for the sum of two hundred and forty-three 54-100 ($243 54-100 dollars) and $114 70-100 dollars, Pl'ffs costs of suit, and interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum. I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door, in the town of Auburn, Placer county, on

Monday, April 16, 1866 at 10 o'clock A. M.

the property described in said order of sale as follows, to-wit: All that certain lot of land situated in the town of Dutch Flat, Placer county, said lot fronting sixty feet on the easterly side of Sacramento street, in said town, and extending back from said street, preserving the same width as at the front, one hundred and eight feet to Joseph Dorenbach's lot and located between and adjoining Soulaq's premises on the southerly side thereof and Abrams' premises on the northerly side thereof, also all buildings, erections and improvements now standing on said lot of land, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

A. W. POOLE, SHERIFF.
March 24,td Of Placer county.
C. A. TWEED, Pl'ff's Att'y

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an Execution me directed and delivered on the 26th day of March A.D. 1866, issued out of the court of E. Aubury, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, Placer county, and State of California, on a judgment rendered on the 26th day of March, A.D. 1866, in favor of Adam Brown and against John Damasgard, W. H. Smith, O. D. Long, E. Smith, W. W. Phillips, Allen Towle, G. W. Dustin, and M. F. Noyes, for the sum of Two Hunnred and ninety-nine 17-100 dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at twenty-two 40-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Express office at Iowa Hill,

On Saturday, April 21st, 1866,

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said defendents had on the 21st day of March, A.D. 1866, in and to the following described property, to wit: One certain mining claim situated at Nary Red, known as the American Eagle Claim, said claim being bounded as follows: North by the Badger Company's Claim; West by Beloit Company's Claim; South by Bradley's fence, and East by Bartlett's Claim. Also, one dwelling house, one whim house, and one blacksmith shop standing on said claim, and belonging to said American Eagle Company, together with the blacksmith and mining tools, and all appurtenances belonging to said company.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. F. GREELEY, Constable,
By H. H. GREELEY, Deputy.
March 28, 1866. tds

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of an execution to me delivered and directed on the 26th day of March A. D. 1866, issued out of the court of E. Aubury, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgement rendered in said court on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1866, in favor of Charles Weeks, and against B. H. Barbett, P. H. Holmes, and W. H. Hillhouse, et. al., composing the "Squire's Quartz Mining company," for the sum of thirty eight 50-100 dollars, and for costs of suit taxed at six 75-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the Justice's office, in Dutch Flat

On Saturday, April 21st, 1866,

at the hour of two o'clock, P. M., all the right, title interest and claim which the said Company composed as aforesaid, had on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1866, in and to the following described property, to wit: That certain Quartz Ledge or Lode, with all dips, spurs and angles, situated on Canon Creek, in said Township No. 4, Placer county State of California, about two miles easterly of Dutch Flat, and about 200 yards below the old Canon Creek saw mill, said ledge being known as the "Squire's Quartz Mining claim, the same 5,000 feet in length: running from the tunnel made to work said ledge 2,600 feet southerly, and 2,400 feet northerly, together with said tunnel and all the mining tools belonging to said Company. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgement together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. F. GREELEY, Constable.
March 28th, 1866. By H. H. GREELEY, Deputy.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of an execution to me delivered and directed on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1866, issued out of the court of J. H. Neff, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1866, in favor of Wm. Spangle and against S. A. Hall, for the sum of One Hundred and one 98-100 dollars, ($101 98) together with costs of suit taxed at One Hundred and seven 98-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold or silver coin, front of the Express office at Iowa Hill,

On wednesday, April 30th, 1866,

between the hours of one and three o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of the said S. A. Hall, in and to the following described property, to wit: One frame house and lot, situated the lower side of the street south of Main street in the town of Iowa Hill, county of Placer, state of California, bound on the east by the dwelling house of W. C. Rich, and the west by the dwelling house of Carr McCreary, and formerly owned by Mrs. Thorne, together with all fences, improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment together with the costs due and to become due thereon.

J. KECK, Constable.
April 7, 1866. td By C. QUEEN, Deputy

SUMMONS.

State of California, County of Placer.—The People of the State of California, To

A. J. BUTTERFIELD:—Greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR BEFORE me, at my office in Colfax, Placer county, on Saturday the 21st day of April, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to answer the complaint of Hayford & Oslown wherein they pray judgement against you for the sum of three hundred dollars in an action for goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to you by Pl'ffs at your special instance and request, as per account now in file in my office, and take notice, if you fail to so appear and answer, Plaintiffs will take judgment as aforesaid.

Given under my hand, this 21st day of March, A. D. 1866.

J. H. NEFF, J. P.

It is ordered that service of the above summons be made by publication in the "Dutch Flat ENQUIRER," a newspaper printed and published in said county, once a week for four week from date.

J. H. NEFF, J. P. Tw'p No. 4.
March 21, 1866. 3w

[ADVERTISEMENT.]
BEWARE OF H. M. JONES.

On the 5th of July, 1865, Mr. H. M. Jones purchased some liquor, cigars, &c., from us to the amount of $37 99, representing at the time that he kept "Jones' Station," and that he would pay the bill shortly thereafter. Not only that he did not remit it, but he paid no attention to our letters when asking for what was justly due us, which compelled us to institute suit against him, upon which Mrs. Jones favored us with a "polite note," of which the following is a verbatim copy:

JONES' STATION, March 19, 1866.

MR. A. FRANKLIN—Sir:—This is to certify that I, J. C. Jones, wife of H. M. Jones, of Nevada county, give you "notice" that the place known as Jones' Station is my separate property, set apart by an Act passed in Legislature in '52 and revised in '62. I have an order from Court attached to Sole Trader's declaration authorizing a married woman to do business in her own name and account. I am not responsible for debts contracted by my husband. Respectfully, Yours,

MRS. J. C. JONES.

The printed copy of her application at Sacramento to become "Sole Trader," of April 2nd, 1865, was attached.

This may be an "honest" way of paying the debt, according to the principles of the party who was a stranger to us at the time we credited him, but being better acquainted with him now, we introduce him to the community with this short notice.

A. FRANKLIN & CO.
Dutch Flat, March 29, 1866.

NEW GOODS AT COST.

WISHING to discontinue this branch of our business, we offer to the public our entire stock of

LADIES' GOODS AT SAN FRANCISCO
☞ COST PRICES! ☜

Our stock of Ladies' Dry Goods consists, in part, of
Merino, Cashmeres, Delaines, Ginghams,
Poplins, Plaids, Reps, Calicos,
Flannels, Hoop-skirts,
Collars, Hats,
Balmorals, Trimmings,
Edgings, Ladies Woolen Jackets,
Nubias, Laces, Linens, Cottons, Hosiery,
And numerous other articles too tedious to mention. All who want bargains in the above goods must call early as the goods offered are of the best quality and latest styles.

We also keep constantly on hand a well selected stok of Gentlemen's wear, such as
Hats, Coats,
Boots, Shoes,
Bedding, Blankets,
Gum Boots and Coats, &c.

We have now a splendid stock of
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

UNION COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

D. L. ALLEN.....Township No. 1
G. D. ALDRICH.....Township No. 2
WM. SEXTON.....Township No. 3
E. B. BOUST.....Township No. 4
A. G. READ.....Township No. 5
B. D. BURT.....Township No. 6
M. H. POWER.....Township No. 7
H. L. KILBURN.....Township No. 8
J. T. KINCAID.....Township No. 9
M. WALDRON.....Township No. 10
M. C. WINCHESTER.....County at Large.
JAMES E. HALE.....County at Large
N. W. BLANCHARD.....County at Large.

SNOW-SHOEING.—Everybody at Meadow Lake, irrespective of age or sex, have acquired a perfect knowledge of this art. In fact, it is one of the indispensable accomplishments of that region. All those who have wintered there are experts in the business, and derive no greater pleasure than is afforded when a greeny is to be initiated. During a recent visit to that place we made our "first appearance," or rather under the direction of Judge Jones, took our first lesson. To omit everything concerning the dozen times we got out of town on our snow-shoes, and then after cautiously glancing around to see that no one was watching, would shoulder and carry them in again, we come at once to speak of an occasion gotten up, as we religiously believe, for our especial benefit. It was a beautiful May-day in March, and the whole town turned out for a snow-shoe-ri e—a lady companion, as far as they went, accompanying each gentleman. A prepossessing damsel on the shady side of forty, with corkscrew curls of beautiful pink hue, vegetable countenance and calico eye-brows, and whom we shall call Biddy O'Who, for short, kindly consented to become our partner. The snow-shoes "doaped," all things else being ready, and we advanced and commenced active operations "to onct." Arrived at the summit of a huge mountain, almost over hanging the town on the west, each lady mounts the rear part of her "pards" shoes and away they dash down the mountain side at lightning speed. With mingled hope, fear and a straight whisky, that limbered us up like a boiled macaroni, permeating our entire system, we wait for the "last chance." Finally our time comes, and Biddy is promptly on hand. We mount, turn ourselves loose, and for a time everything is lovely and the goose had attained great altitude. At this point we were delighted, in fact, grew more and more elated, and Biddy was particularly confiding. But as an additional evidence of our bad luck, this state of affairs was not destined to last. "A change suddenly came o'er the spirit of our dreams." We experience a sensation of falling. We clutch the empty air, gasp for breath, shut our eyes and over we go. (Earthquakes of applause by the natives that made the welkin wring for miles around.) After a lapse of a few minutes, we venture to rise and take a survey of the "situation." Time can never obliterate the scene this hasty glance disclosed. Biddy was a total wreck. A wreaking waterfall, rats, teeth, wigs, gutta percha calves and unmentionables innumerable, besides other romantic scenes that our extreme modesty for bade us enjoying, were strewn around in the wildest confusion, and on all sides met our distorted gaze. But nobody was damaged, further than Biddy stood in imminent need of "reconstruction," and we conclude by saying "sich is life" at Meadow Lake.

FROM Mr. Thomas, Road Commissioner, we learn that it has been determined to construct the contemplated new road between this place and Little York, on the north side of Dutch Flat ravine, it having been ascertained that a much easier grade, and at considerable less cost, can be made by this route. It will be built (we doubt that last remark) along or near the line of the present trail.

EQUALITY OF THE RACES.—A practical illustration of this doctrine was furnished a few days since, by a couple of *high-toned* "sports" of this place, engaging in a little game of "draw-poker" with an aboriginal of the *genus* Digger. Mr. Digger wearied the boys for some four hours, but finally drew his "man," when, of course, his "white brethren" vanquished him—winning $2 62½, and a squaw's stocking full of pine nuts.

WE call attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Scroder & Fisher, confectioners and bakers, 113 K street, Sacramento, and would advise those dealing in their line to give these gentlemen a call. Parties, balls and weddings supplied at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Give them a trial.

HOSE.—We announce with pleasure that the hose for our fire company has at length arrived. We may soon expect to see the company "squirting" all over town.

ONE of the most remarkable discoveries of modern times, is that of Watts' Nervous Antidote. Numerous instances of its beneficial effects have come to us from various sources, and many a bed-ridden invalid has been restored to health and activity by the investment of a trifling sum in this truly valuable medicine. This is one of the patent articles of the day which is really well worthy of the confidence of the public, and justly entitled to the popularity it enjoys.

THE Chinese have become an outrageous nuisance to many of the citizens of this town. Many who pretend to be opposed to their encroachments are anxious to rent them houses.

$100 Reward

For an Incurable Case!

Special attention is respectfully directed to our exclusive manufacture of the celebrated Golden Balsam, a preparation never known to fail in the cure of Syphilis, in all its stages, and used in the French hospitals for the last ten years with the greatest success. For obvious reasons, we cannot publish the testimonials of the thousands who have been cured by it, but in the innumerable cases in which it has been administered, we have yet to learn an instance of its failure. GOLDEN BALSAM, No. 1, for first and second stages, such as sores on the legs or body, sore eyes, etc. Golden Balsam, No. 1, for Tertiary, Mercurial or Syphilitic Rheumatism, pains in the bones, etc. Sent by express to any part of the Pacific Coast. Price, Fifty Dollars per dozen, or Five Dollars per bottle.

C. F. RICHARDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Chemists, cor. Clay and Sansome Sts., San Francisco, sole agents, to whom all orders must be addressed. Also, agents for the celebrated Spanish Antidote, a preparation, warranted to cure Gonnorrhœa, Gleet, Irritation, Gravel, and all Urinary Derangements. Neither of the above genuine without our signature across the face of the bottle. apl4 1y

ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER IS A POSITIVE AND Specific remedy for all hereditary diseases transmitted from parent to child. For sale by apl4-3m D. W. STRONG.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
IMPORTING WHOLESALE
DRUGGIST.

Sacramento and San Francisco.

139 J street. Cor. Sansome and Pine sts. 139 J street.

We most respectfully invite the attention of DRUGGISTS, DENTISTS, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, MERCHANTS, MILLMEN, ASSAYERS, BREWERS, SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS and others,

To our well-assorted stock of articles in their line of business:

Drugs and Medecines, Herbs and Fluid Extricts,
aintsP and Oils, Corks, every variety,
Dental Goods, Acids,
Surgical Instruments, Marble Dust,
Elastic Stockings, Plaster,
Trusses and Supporters, Pine Stone,
Druggists' Glassware, Sal. Ammoniac,
Irish Moss, Copperas,
Leeches, Retorts and Crucibles,

Together with a complete assortment in the Drug line.

Our Senior Partner is now residing at the East, giving his personal attention to the purchasing and shipping of supplies. We are thereby enabled to furnish goods of the **First Quality at Very Low Prices.** We will not be undersold by any house in California.

We would respectfully solicit those dealing in our line to examine and price our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
oc21-y Sacramento and San Francisco.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
SACRAMENTO
—AND—
SAN FRANCISCO.
Importers of
DENTAL AND SURGICAL
INSTRUMENTS,

TEETH, GOLD FOIL, FORCEPS OF ALL KINDS, DENTAL CASES, ALL SIZES, WITH AND WITHOUT INSTRUMENT; VULCANIZERS, AND ALL MATERIAL FOR DOING VULCANITE WORK; BURRS, DRILLS AND EXCAVATORS; ANATOMICAL PREPARATIONS.

In Short Everything Used by the Dental Profession.

Our Stock was never better than at present.

BOOKS.

We have constantly on hand all the
Standard Works on Dentistry.

Are Agents for the "DENTAL COSMOS," published in Philadelphia, which is the best monthly work on Dentistry published.

The Dental profession can rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible manner and with dispatch.

R. H. McDONLD & CO.,
oc21-y Sacramento and San Francisco.

COMPETITION DEFIED!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ADLER HUDEPOHL,
Stone Store, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

HAVING just returned from San Francisco where they purchased a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

FURNISHING GOODS!

Would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place to their large assortment. They are determined not to be undersold, and will endeavor to keep

THE BEST GOODS

That can be obtained in the market, both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. They have at present every description of

Fancy Diy Goods and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves. Our is: ENDEAVOR TO PLEASE. ap30-tf

SAN FRANCISCO STORE.

THE subscribers most respectfully inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that they have opened their store, two doors above Burckhalter's store, and herewith solicit a share of patronage. Our Store will always be found well stocked with the choicest brands of

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

FINE FRENCH BRANDIES,
WINES AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE;
CASE LIQUORS, EVERY KIND;
KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS;

A good assortment of

Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.,

Besides a large assortment of all kinds of FANCY GOODS, CUTLERY, STATIONERY, &c.

We shall endeavor to conduct our business so as to please and satisfy our patrons in every manner, and while our business shall be guided by the motto of

"Quick sales and Small Profits,"

we expect to share the patronage of the public.

☞ Please give us a call.

Je24-tf A. FRANKLIN & CO.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STEEET, DUTCH FLAT.

J. H. LAKAMP respectfully announces to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that he has recently returned from San Francisco where he purchased an excellent assortment of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods!

Of a most superior quality and make, which he is prepared to sell at low prices.

Silk, Marino, and Shaker Flannel Undershirts, Drawers and Hose,
Davis & Jones' Patent
White Shirts,
Handkerchiefs, Neckties,
Collars, Vests, Gloves and Scarfs.
Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses & Children's
Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.

The assortment in this department is the largest and best to be found in town, consisting of the finest dress boots and shoes, with a large stock of

Miners' Gum and Leather Boots,

Of the best quality and make. Persons in want of articles in my line are invited to call and examine the stock. no4-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
CORNER OF MAIN AND STOCKTON STREETS.

L. WURSBURG & BROTHER

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE of Dutch Flat and neighboring towns that they are now opening a splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At the Corner of Main and Stockton streets, two doors above the Dutch Flat Hotel, where they invite ALL, especially the Ladies, to call and examine their really superior stock of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Together with an excellent assortment of Gentlemen's and Youth's Goods, and

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

of every description of the latest style, which they offer to the public CHEAP. my13-tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,
TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPERWARE MAKER,
Below the Theater, Main street.

IRON HYDRAULIC PIPE,

KEEPS constantly on hand a good assortment of
ANVILS, AUGERS, SPIKES, AXES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, PUMPS, ROPE, LEAD PIPE, IRON AND STEEL, BORAX, HORSE-SHOE NAILS, SADIRONS, BENCH-VICES, TINWARE, SAWS, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, Etc.

Together with many other articles too numerous to mention, which he is prepared to sell at very low prices.

Iron Hydraulic Pipe

Made to order, and repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ All work in my line done with neatness and dispatch. apr18-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LIBANUS CHAPTER, No. 17, R. A. M., meets at their hall in Iowa Hill every Thursday on or preceding the full moon of each month. Companions in good standing are fraternally invited to visit.

J. H. NEFF, H. P.
W. D. LAWRENCE, Sec'y. [ja7]

DIVINE SERVICE.

UNION CHURCH.—There will be preaching at the Union Church to-morrow at half-past ten o'clock, A. M., and half-past seven o'clock, P. M., by Rev. J. A. Johnson.

Sabbath School at the Union Church at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

M. E. CHURCH.—Preaching every Sunday at half-past ten, A. M., and at seven, P. M. SEATS FREE.

Sabbath School at the Church at half-past one o'clock, P. M. N. R. PECK, PASTOR.

IF YOU blood is corruption, disordered or vitiated, you are liable to be seized at any moment with a fit of sickness. It may appear in the form of pimples, blotches or sores, or it may suddenly prostrate you. One thing is certain: You cannot have health unless your blood is pure. To remove all impure matters from the blood, Adams' Blood Purifier is admitted to be the best preparation yet introduced to the public. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and will harm no one. Its effects are immediate and lasting. It purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, produces a healthy action of the liver and kidneys, and restores the patient to perfect health and strength. ja3m

DR. J. F. GIBBON.—This celebrated physician has returned to San Francisco, after an absence of a year, during which time he has visited the prominent hospitals in the United States, England and France; and having carefully studied the different mode of treatment in all those establishments, he comes back with full knowledge as to a proper adaptation of them in the effecting of cures here. He has returned and resumed the practice of his profession at No. 617 Kearney street, where his old patients may find him, and those who are suffering from ills which his practice will allow him to cure. His card will be found in another column.

MEDICAL ADVICE.—DR. WM. K. DOHERTY'S Medical and Surgical Institute is becoming a sine quo non to the welfare of our State and health of our citizens; and his rapidly spreading reputation, although it may excite surprise, is but the signal of skill, and follows as the natural result of such a cause. We are personally acquainted with gentlemen who had suffered for years under chronic disease, and who had taken advantage of every available means that promised relief, but without success, until they called upon Dr. Doherty, who, in an incredibly short space of time, has given them entire relief. It is gratifying to announce this fact, because the Dr. is a gentleman who seeks, not by defamation of others, to establish his reputation or ruin of another's fame. The Doctor conducts his own Institute in such a manner must be gratifying to all his patients. He examines, advises, and recommends without charge, and the patient, after hearing his terms for treatment, can accept or reject at pleasure. In no case does the Doctor make a charge unless he effects a cure. This he is able to do, because he feels the confidence which long experience has given, and no doubt the consolation which appertain to that confidence. Persons afflicted with either acute or chronic disease, would do well to consult the Doctor; at all events, it can do no harm, as for consultation he asks no fee; nor does he insist on obedience to his advice unless the patient places himself under his care. His offices are on Sacramento street, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship office.—News

CALIFORNIANS should test the merits of DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. While it is highly palatable as a beverage, it is unequalled as a tonic and invigorator. In the pursuit of fortune at the mines, many persons are exposed to the attacks of complaints of the digestive organs, and various kinds of fever. It is the very article that has so long been in demand in the mines. Its daily use will the tone of a deranged stomach, impart fresh vitality to the digestive functions, and cheer the spirits. Yet the Bitters is the safest of all stimulants. Let the miner who is exposed to hot and dry, wet and cold, be certain to obtain a supply of the genuine Hostetter Bitter, and he will find it a certain safeguard to health. Dec9-3m

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.—In another part of this paper will be found the advertisement of the celebrated Institute established by Dr. J. C. Young, in 1850. In this age of deceit and charlatanism it is a boon to the suffering to point out to them where they are sure of obtaining the wished for relief and cure. Under the care of the skilful Doctor the sick and troubled can divest themselves of their burdens of pain; lay aside their cross, and secure health and happiness. If you are sick or in trouble, do not hesitate. Read the advertisement and follow the advice. Do not forget the number or the manner of directing your letters. Consultation Office, 540, Washington street, San Francisco. Dec-3m

AT LEAST two-thirds of the Diseases with which the human family are afflicted, are brought on by the want of attention to the condition of the Blood. Whenever the blood becomes impure, no matter from what cause, the effects of such impurity are immediately felt, either in one way or another; and unless measures are at once taken to remove such impurities, the whole system becomes affected, and a long fit of sickness and sometimes death is the result. Dr. Samuel Adams, a well-known Chemist of San Francisco, has discovered certain herbs and roots, mostly of California growth, which he has combined with Sarsaparilla and Iodide of Potas, and succeeded in producing a Medicine that, while it is entirely harmless in every particular, will in short time completely eradicate from the Blood all impurities of whatever nature, and will restore the patient to perfect ROBUST HEALTH. The preparation is called "ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER," and is for sale at wholesale at the United States Drug Store, corner of Bush and Powell streets, San Francisco, and by Dr. D. W. Strong, Dutch Flat. 40

THE GREAT BLOOD MEDICINES.—Let every man, woman, and child in our country learn, that LeDoyon's Family Medicines are the best in use. Se advertisement in another column.

JUST RECEIVED!

DR. D. W. STRONG,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

HAS Just Received at the Dutch Flat Drug Store, a large and well-selected stock of FRESH DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
ECLECTIC AND PATENT MEDICINES,
TRUSSES,
SUSPENSARIES,
HAIR OILS,
PERFUMERY,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
STATIONERY,
FINE CIGARS,
TOBACCO, &c

Also:

WHITE LEAD,
PAINT OILS,
GLASS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES and
TURPENTINE.

Besides a large assortment of COAL OIL, Lamps, and Kerosene Lamp Chimneys.

All of which will be disposed of

Cheap for Cash.

Cheaper than any other establishment in the county. All the goods are of the best quality, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtaining a good article at a less price than a poor article would be sold for elsewhere. CALL AND SEE.

Family Groceries.

Of the choicest quality, such as cannot be found at any other place in town, for sale cheap.

In connection with the above, I intend keeping on hand at all times a good assortment of

Fine Watches and Jewelry.

Which will be sold at lower prices than can be bought elsewhere in the State. apr1tf

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the Dining-Room of this

First-Class Establishment,

Respectfully informs the Public, that from this date, he is prepared to furnish

Meals at all Hours,

At the shortest notice. The patronage of th Traveling Public is solicited. J. S. WATSON, Proprietor.
Dutch Flat, March 15, 1866.—tf

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES!
CONTINUE RIGHT!
AT BURCKHALTER'S.

CROCKERY and EARTHENWARE,
TIN AND WOODWARE,
LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, WICKS AND BURNERS.

A large assortment of the latest improved paterns, at BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSINE OIL,
Lard Oil,
Machine Oil,
Neats-foot Oil,
and Boiled Oils.

A large stock from fresh importations at BURCKHALTER'S.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO!

Continue to receive regular invoices of the best CIGARS from the East, and the most favorite brands of

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco

TO WHICH

the attention of dealers as well as consumers is invited.

BURCKHALTER, appreciating friends, now offers

The Largest Assortment of
FAMILY AND HOTEL SUPPLIES
OUTSIDE OF SACRAMENTO,

At Prices that Defy Competition!

His Stock consists of

Family,
Miners,
and Hotel,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

together with a large assortment of

HADWARE,
CHAINS,
BOLTS,
DRILLS,
PICK,
AND STEEL.

For Mills and Miners.

LIQUORS, LIQUORS!

The assortment of fine
Old Brandies,
Wines,
Whiskey,
Syrups, &c.,

is acknowledged the best in the County. Saloons and first buyers would do well to call and examine my stock before sending down below or buying elsewhere, as my facilities enable me to offer articles in this line at

Unprecedeented Low Figures
AT BURCKHALTER'S.

FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
Under Masonic Hall,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CALIFORNIA.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, the undersigned respectfully announces that he continues to keep on hand a full assortment of

FAMILY AND MINERS' GROCERIES,
CAN AND PRESERVED FRUITS,
OYSTERS, LOBSTERS AND SARDINES,
Fresh Butter, Eggs and Vegetables,
POWDER, FUSE AND NAILS,
CROCKERY, EARTHEN AND TINWARE.

With every other article for family use, which he is prepared to sell at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Every accommodation afforded to customers.

ja1-tf GERGE S. MAKER.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, CIGARS,
—AT THE—
POST OFFICE NEWS DEPOT.

THE Subscriber having purchased the interest of his former partner, Mr. Gross, has just returned from San Francisco where he purchased a full assortment of the

BEST HAVAFA CIGARS,
FINEST CHEWING TOBACCO,
GENUINE MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Of every description and price. A very excellent assortment of

FINE CUTLERY, GUNS, PISTOLS, AND GOLD PENS,

Together with a fine supply of

Toilette Articles, Perfumes, Etc.,

All of which he is prepared to sell at prices that defy competition—for cash. Give me a call in your wanderings
ma6-tf JOHN H. BOKE.

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP.
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased this Favorite Market, will keep always on hand the best

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Home-made Sausage,

Which will be supplied to customers at the lowest market rates. Every accommodation guaranteed to the public.
Apr8-tf CONRAD ROTH.

SENATE SALOON,
Opposite the Express Office.

HAVING assumed control of this first class popular saloon, the undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will keep all the best

Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

And give such attention to customers as to ensure their comfort and satisfaction. In connection with the saloon there is an excellent

Billiard Table

which is now in complete repair, upon which, those partial to this popular and innocent amusement can while away a pleasant hour. C. M. KOPP.
de23-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THEODORE SCHUBERT,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE BREWERY.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS BY which he is enabled to manufacture

BOOTS AND SHOES

Almost as cheap as they can be purchased in the stores, desires to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and surrounding places that he manufactures

Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots,

Of the best quality, and from $8 00 to $10 00, and all work warranted. I have received a lot of the New Patent Lasts, and Gentlemen troubled with corns can have Boots made in such a manner as will secure them ease and comfort.

REPAIRING DONE in the best manner, as usual. All requiring anything in my line are invited to call. my27

NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY
OVER GOLDEN EAGLE SALOON,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

J. C. SCRIPTURE, ARTIST, WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that he has opened a first class gallery at the above place where he is prepared to take

LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS!

CARTES DE VISITE, AMBROTYPES AND MELANOTYPES.

In the best style of the Art. Call soon as he remains but a short time. se17-tf

PACIFIC LIVERY STABLE,
HEAD OF MAIN STREET, COLFAX.

JAMES F. FISHER.....PROPRIETOR

THE PROPRIETOR respectfully informs the public generally that he is prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call with fine

SADDLE HORSES,
BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

For all places in the nighborhood, with or without drivers. Conveyances furnished for families or private parties at the shortest notice.

The proprietor would inform those favorable to easy an d speedy travel that every facility will be afforded those patronizing this estableshment. mr10-3M

BED ROCK SALOON,
Opposite the Postoffice, Main street.

GEORGE L. SLOCUMB.....PROPRIETOR

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE FINEST Wines, Brandies, Cigars and Syrups, and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers Billiard Balls, Cues, and Cue-Wafers, purchased for customers at the lowest city prices. de-4

FOR SALE.

A Steam Engine Eight and a half inch bore and 24 inch stroke, two boilers 34 inches inches diameter and 20 feet long. Muley Saw and Saw Mill irons complete. Will be sold cheap for cash. Address, MT. PLEASANT SAW MILL CO.,
Oct. 24, 1868. no4-3m Iowa Hill.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

J. M. GAROUTTE.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment, respectfully announces to the public that he intends to keep the house in a manner which will warrant the satisfaction of those who may favor him with a call. Knowing the wants of the public he will keep the people supplied with the best viands. His accommodations are such that cannot fail to meet the demand of those who know the comforts of

Clean Beds and Well Aired Rooms.

Attending strictly to the management of the house personally he will endeavor to render ALL favoring him with their patronage, comfortable.

The house has been thoroughly renovated, being plastered throughout, and the rooms large and airy, will make it one of the most desirable houses to stop at in the mountains. my15-tf

HACKETT'S HOTEL,
Main Street, Gold Run, Pacer County.

HENRY HACKETT.....PROPRIETOR

HAVING almost completed his fine and commodious building which is in progress of being furnished entire with new and convenient furniture, the proprietor of the above named house is enabled to offer

BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS

to the traveling public than can be obtained elsewhere in the town, and from his long experience in catering to the wants of the public he flatters himself that he can render entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT

Being under the supervision of an experienced and accomplished cook patrons can rely upon having at all times the best the market affords.

THE BAR

Will be always stocked with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

THE ROOMS are large and airy and the beds and bedding clean and comfortable, making the establishment, when completed one of the best in the mountains.

In connection with the house the proprietor has fitted an excellent

Hay, Grain and Feed Stable,

for the use of Teamsters and the traveling public generally. se 16 tf.

HERBERT'S EXCHANGE,
Three Miles, above Dutch Flat.

JOHN L. HERBERT.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully informs the traveling public that he is prepared to accommodate all who favor him with a call, being determined to exert himself to the utmost to give his guests every satisfaction. Ample accommodations for Teamsters as well as the public generally. ap29v6y

ZERR'S STATION,
Nine miles above Dutch Flat.

THOMAS LEWIS.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully announces to his friends and the traveling public generally that he has purchased this well known Stage Station which he intends hereafter to keep in a style unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS!

Can rely upon receiving every attention and accommodation and pleasure parties from Dutch Flat will always be furnished with the best house affords. fe3 tf

CRYSTAL LAKE HOUSE,
Nineteen Miles above Dutch Flat.

HENRY POLLEY.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber desires to inform the traveling public that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call.—Excellent facilities are provided for

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS,

Having HAY and GRAIN, and a large COMMODIOUS LOT.

THE BAR is thought by connoisseurs to contain the Best Liquors, and Iced Beverages constantly made.

The subscriber has just constructed at NEW TRAIL whereby persons going to and from the

New Mines at Excelsior District

From all points below can save a considerable distance of mountain travel.

Distance to the new mines from Dutch Flat by way of the Crystal Lake House, thirty miles. jul5v6y

TOMPKINS HOUSE,
ear Valley, Nevada County, Cal.

E. O. TOMPKINS.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor respectfully announces to the traveling public that he is now fully prepared to accommodate all guests in the best possible manner. Parties visiting this beautiful valley will receive every attention. The House is situated on the line of the Pacific Turnpike, between Dutch Flat and Bowman's Ranch, on the Henness Pass road.

GOLDEN EAGLE HALL,
S E. Cor, Main and Stockton Streets.

MAYER & DOWNER.....PROPRIETORS

THE Proprietors having thoroughly remodelled and renovated this favorite place of resort are now prepared to invite all to come and see them, assuring them them that they offer nothing but the

Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

That can be purchased below. In connection with this first class Saloon there are two fine

Marble-bed Billiard Tables,

Upon which those partial to this noble game can pass an hour of pleasant recreation.

Drop in as you are passing and see for yourself. fe17-tf

UNCLE SAM SALOON,
(One door above Dr. Strong's Drug Store)
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

SAM SWANSON begs leave to inform the public that he has always the best

Wines, Liquors, Syrups and Cigars,

that can be purchased below, and invites those partial to leasant beverages to give him a call. fe11-tf

CENTRAL
TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

FREIGHT by STEAMERS & SCHOONERS
FROM SAN FRANCISCO, OR BY
Pacific Railroad from Sacrrmento,

Will be transported with dispatch, at the lowest current rates, from Colfax to Virginia, and other points in Nevada, by Daily Lines of

Relay Horse and Mule Teams,
STATIONED EVERY TEN MILES,
And Traveling by Day and Night.

The attention of Shippers and Forwarders is invited to this Line of Transportation.

For further particulars, apply to the following persons,

AGENTS:

L. WILSEY.....Sacramento
S. T. LEET.....Colfax
A. M. EDGINGTON.....Virginia
de30-tf WM. N. LEET, President.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

If you want a
A FINE HAT, A GOOD HAT,
OR A
CHEAP HAT!

Go where they keep the largest and best assorted stock, which is at

MEUSDORFFER'S HAT AND CAP MANUFACTORY,
125 JStreet, between Fourth and Fifth,
SACRAMENTO. se30 tf

WM. H. KEELER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
MAIN STR., NEXT DOOR TO THE WATER OFFICE.

HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a superb assortment of Watches and Jewelry which he offers at San Francisco prices and charges

Watches and Chronometers

Repaired and regulated at the shortest notice and in a scientific manner. Orders received for the manufacture of

Gold and Silverwire.

And all other articles in his line furnished at prices to suit the times. dec31-tf

MEADOW LAKE RESTAURNAT,
Corner of Main and Sacramento Streets.

PHELEP REUSNER.....PROPRIETOR

THE Proprietor of this old and well known stand intends keeping a first class restaurant, and purposes furnishing those patronizing him with every

DELICACY OF THE SEASON!

At prices as moderate as can be afforded this side any of the larger cities. He is prepared to accommodate a limited number of boarders without lodging, and furnish

MEALS AT ALL HOURS!

Every accommodation afforded usually found in a well regulated hotel.

Board, per week.....$7 00
Single Meals.....50
jan17-tf

THE AMERICAN FLAG,

The Most Distinguished, Complete and Popular Journal in California.

THE AMERICAN FLAG,
THE AMERICAN FLAG,
THE AMERICAN FLAG,

Morning and Evening Editions,
Morning and Evening Editions,
Morning and Evening Editions,

Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,
Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,
Daily, Weekly and Steamer Issues,

The Best News Departments,
The Best News Departments,
The Best News Departments,

The Ablest Corps of Writers,
The Ablest Corps of Writers,
The Ablest Corps of Writers,

The Most Distinguished Contributors,
The Most Distinguished Contributors,
The Most Distinguished Contributors,

The Best Correspondents,
The Best Correspondents,
The Best Correspondents,

From all parts of the World,
From all parts of the World,
From all parts of the World,

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION,
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION,

Greenbacks Taken at Par,
Greenbacks Taken at Par,
Greenbacks Taken at Par,

The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,
The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,
The Weekly Flag, $5 a Year,

Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12
Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12
Daily Flag, Morning or Evening, $12

In the National Currency,
In the National Currency,
In the National Currency,

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY AMERICAN FLAG IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE ABLEST, MOST NOTED, AS WELL AS THE CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CALIFORNIA. IN THE EXCELLENCE ON ITS

EDITORIAL, PARAGRAPHING AND NEWS DEPARTMENT

—IS—

Without a Rival or Successful Imitator

The Cheapest Paper in the World!
The Cheapest Paper in the World!
The Cheapest Paper in the World!

The Voice of the Press,
The Voice of the Press,
The Voice of the Press,

The editorials are of the ablest character; the news department is presided over by the best talent of the country, and the miscellaneous matter is evidently selected by editors who are adepts in the business. In short, it is a tremendous newspaper, and what we admire quite as much, a very handsome one.—TRINITY JOURNAL.

Many of the leading articles in the AMERICAN FLAG, when carefully perused, cannot fail to make the lover of his country tremble. They are unmistakably a plain expression of the future, and will serve as a beacon light to the political ships of the nation. A large number of these articles are worthy of republication in book form. —LOS ANGELES NEWS.

THE FLAG is to be trusted as a true Union paper without deceit, which no motive of interest can lead from its course; and which cannot be swayed by favor or intimidated by threat. It is a first-class journal and ought to receive the liberal support of the true Unionmen of San Francisco and the interior. STOCKTON INDEPENDENT.

We have received the AMERICAN FLAG, published at San Francisco, California. It is printed on a double sheet larger than the New York Tribune, and is by far the ablest and best newspaper in the Golden State.—LICHFIELD (CT.) REPUBLICAN.

THE AMERICAN FLAG is the truest, ablest, and most fearless defender of the Union cause in this State. There is no other paper that can be compared with it in any respect. It is independent of cliques, cabals and factions.—NEVADA GAZETTE.

THE AMERICAN FLAG exceeds in variety and interest of its contents any paper west of the Rocky Mountains. It is justly entitled to the hearty friendship of all Union men. The Press generally have accorded it the honor due to their contemporary.—ESMERELDA UNION.

Resolutions of Union Conventions,
Resolutions of Union Conventions,
Resolutions of Union Conventions,

Resolved, That this Convention does most heartily indorse the AMERICAN FLAG, as a newspaper true, energetic and reliable for the advocacy of the great measures and principles of the Union party in this State; and that we do hereby commend it to the confidence and support of all loyal men. RESOLUTION OF UNION STATE CONVENTION.

Resolved, That we recognize, and do hereby recommend the San Francisco DAILY AMERICAN FLAG, as the truest, the most fearless, and the ablest advocate and defender of the Union cause in California; and that it is the duty of all true Union men throughout the State to foster, cherish, and support it.—RESOLUTION S. F. UNION CLUB.

THE LEADING JOURNAL OF CALIFORNIA,
THE LEADING JOURNAL OF CALIFORNIA,
THE LEADING JOURNAL OF CALIFORNIA,

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AMERICAN FLAG,
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AMERICAN FLAG,
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AMERICAN FLAG,

Address D. O. McCARTHY,
Editor and Proprietor,
528 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,
Main Street, Dutch Flat.

H. K. WEST.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber having established a Livery Stable at this place would respectfully announce to the public that he is prepared to furnish the best

Horses, Buggies and Carriages

To be had in the mountains. Their horses and carriages have been selected and purchased expressly for mountain travel, and the proprietor pledges themselves to use every exertion to render entire satisfaction. The notice of

Families and Parties

Is called to the fact that this establishment is prepared to supply them with every accommodation—gentle horses and experienced and careful drivers.

☞ Particular attention paid to transient stock, and horses boarded and groomed by the month, week, or day, at reasonable prices. oc8-tf

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age

This Medicine is of a purely Vegetable preparation and has never been known to fail in effecting a cure in the following cases: Ague, Anxiety, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, Convulsions, Colic, Dysentery, Delirium Tremens, Mental or Physical Debility, Dispepsia, Fits, Gout, Headache, Hysterics, Heart Disease, Palsy, Imbecility, Impotency, Suppressed Menses, Neuralgia, Pleurisy, Restlessness, St. Vitus Dance, Stricture, Tic Dolereaux and Whooping Cough, &c.

Columns of certificates of cures might be published sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical, that this medicine is all that its discoverer claims for it. Persons with any of the above diseases, will do well to give it a trial before dosing themselves with mineral poisons that while they sometimes afford temporary relief, always leave behind them the seeds of some other disease, of tentimes worse than that which they are given to cure.

Watt's Nervous Antidote

Is a perfectly harmless preparation, and can be given to an infant without fear of injury. In fact there are many persons that give it to drive babies, as a soothing syrup with miraculous effect. The Antidote is for sale by all respectable druggists. ap14-3m

C. A. RICHARDSON,
Dealer in
Cigars, Tobacco, Fresh Fruits, Confectionery, and a
MAIN STREET, GOLD RUN, PLACER COUNTY.

In connection with the above business, the proprietor has opened a

BARBER SHOP

Where persons can avail themselves of the luxuries of a good shave at their convenience oc30-tf

THE PIONEER GOLD DISCOVERIES OF CALIFORNIA.—The pioneer miners of this State and Nevada, for the most part have been unfortunate. Marshal and Weimer, who found the first gold on the South Fork of the American in 1848, are both reduced to biting poverty. The former has a small vineyard in El Dorado county, and the latter, we believe, is living in humble obscurity on the shore of San Francisco Bay. Major Downie, who first prospected the Yuba in 1848, and founded Downieville, after years of extreme poverty in this State has at last had a streak of good fortune in British Columbia. He is now old and nearly worn out. Comstock, who found the famous ledge in Nevada which bears his name, and which has enriched so many speculators, is now quite poor, and a vagrant prospector in Montana. Alva Gould, locator of the Gould & Curry claim, is making shingles for a living in Washoe Valley. General Bidwell, who mined at the bar of his name, on Feather river, in 1848–'9, is one of the few pioneers who have saved money and achieved independence. He is now rich, and a member of Congress, honoring his office and worthy his good fortune.—*Stockton Independent.*

ONE WORD TO THE LADIES.—We supposed that the *ultima thule* in the art had been reached months ago, when we saw, for the first time, a Grover & Baker Machine in full action; but now, a lady friend, well posted in all matters pertaining thereto, informs us that an important part of the performance escaped our notice, and in proof thereof, exhibits to our astonished gaze her little boy's frock embroidered with tasteful and fanciful designs, which she informs us was all done—stitching, embroidery and all—on the same machine. This is certainly remarkable, but nevertheless true, and if all the purchasers of these celebrated machines are as enthusiastic as is our friend, the proprietors must be having one continual "hymn of praise" ascending in their behalf.—*New York Examiner.*

[COMMUNICATED.]

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

Very few persons, even among physicians, would have been willing upon any terms to have been in the condition of the writer of the following letter on the 14th of February last. I will anticipate somewhat his report of the facts by saying that on the 15th August, ult, he made me a visit, "the very picture of good health." Time, which tries and proves all things, has sufficiently tested this case, and shown that neither relapses nor collapses having followed, the cure is perfect, and can be cited among the scores of similar cases the result of my improved mode of treating diseases without medicine.

G. M. BOURNE,
Water Cure Physician,
No. 10, Masonic Temple, Post street.
AUGUST 27, 1865.

SACRAMENTO, April 30, 1865.

DR. G. M. BOURNE—Dear Sir:—It is with pleasure and satisfaction that I now let you know of my good health. Looking back on what I have passed through, it seems as if I was lifted from the grave, and I think it my duty to acknowledge to you and the world the benefit I derived from water treatment as administered by you in your celebrated baths. It was in August, 1864, when disease developed itself with a severe cough. I then took much physicines, getting worse, with chills, fevers, loss of strength, and was pronounced consumptive. This set me to thinking, and finally I determined to leave my business and go the Sandwich Islands, having been informed that I could not be cured here. I went to San Francisco, and while waiting for a ship called upon Dr. Bourne, who stated that a trip to the Islands would probably result disastrously, was wholly annecessary, as I could be speedily cured at his establishment. I placed myself under his treatment, and in one week I was so much improved that I thought I could risk returning home and to my duty as Engineer on the Central Pacific Railroad. The Doctor objected; but I thought I knew better, and returned to duty. In about two weeks my cough returned, and I kept getting worse, and contrary to Dr. Bourne's advice never to take medicine again, committed that folly, and soon was so completely run down that I could scarcely walk; so, as a last resort, I concluded once more to try the Water Cure. I went to San Francisco—few of my friends expecting me to return; in fact, I thought my return doubtful. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment (February 14, 1865,) I was not able to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days I began to recruit again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a wiser and a better man," without the aid of medicine. I have now been at work several weeks, and find that I am gaining every day, and at present bid fair to be stouter than ever before. Persons visiting the establishment find it just what it should be, both in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Departments, and cannot say too much in praise of the Doctor's kind attention to his patients.

This letter I write for the benefit of all that is afflicted, to be used as the Doctor decides, and should it be the means of directing any to his care and treatment who (as they assuredly will) find relief, I will be paid for my trouble. JAMES CAMPBELL,
Engineer Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 29, 1865.

Advised by the undersigned, Mr. James Cambell, of the Central Pacific Railroad, (who was then in a most deplorable state of ill health,) placed himself under the care of Dr. Bourne, the Water Cure Physician. Some six months or more afterward he visited this city, when I accidentally met him at Dr. Bourne's establishment and am happy to say, restored to the enjoyment of good health, and in fine spirits. JOHN SULLIVAN.

☞ Dr. Bourne treats all diseases of the throat, chest, and lungs—which includes diptheria, bronchitis, incipient consumption, pleurisy, croup, etc.—with great success. Great relief is afforded in advanced stages of consumption. Rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, tetter and agne, dropsy, etc., etc., are also cured quickly, pleasantly and economically. No medicine whatever.

Confirmation Strong, of an Interesting Letter.

SACRAMENTO, November 23, 1865.

DEAR DOCTOR:—I received your letter a few days since asking for my photograph, which I will attend to as soon as convenient. At present I am very busy on account of the stormy weather, being out at all times, both night and day, and am enjoying very good health, apprehending no danger if properly careful, as every one should be. I have read my letter in the CALL and other papers, and have been asked several times concerning it, and whether it is correct, and I say I can vouch for its contents, and more if required, and so can a great many others who knew me at that time. I remain your friend,

To DR. BOURNE, JAMES CAMPBELL.
San Francisco.

Dr. Bourne takes the liberty to publish the above, as many persons had prophesied the relapse into his former condition, on returning to his duties, of the writer of "An Interesting Letter," whose statements concerning the cure of a well defined case of consumption have recently attracted so much attention to the Water Cure, as improved upon and practised by Dr. Bourne. This additional testimony must prove satisfactory to all reasonable minds. It should be remembered that Dr. Bourne uses no medicines whatever, and that his patients almost universally are those who have failed to receive relief from the medical practitioners; yet they are cured with great rapidity, and in a pleasant and agreeable manner. No 10 Masonic Temple, Post street entrnce. 3m

EUREKA! THE SECRET FOUND.

Medical men have been for ages in search of an infallible cure for RHEUMATISM, without success; but the desideratum has at length been discovered.

HEALY'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

IS WARRANTED TO CURE THE MOST OBSTINATE CASES OF CHRONIC OR INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.

This disease is incidental to the climate of California, and thousands in this country are hopelessly suffering from the effects thereof. This Liniment supplies the want so long needed; it relaxes the muscles, removes the pain, and restores health and vigor to the system.

Mr. Healy is in daily receipt of testimonials from parties who have used the Liniment, and the following well known citizens are among the number:

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6, 1856.

MR. HEALY—Dear Sir: Having witnessed many cures effected by your Rheumatism Liniment, I take great pleasure ie universally recommending it to those in search of a really good article. Yours, &c.,
FRANK S. SCUDDER.

MR. FRANK HEALY: I suffered considerable rheamatic pains in both shoulders for a long time. I tried many remedies to get relief, but to no purpose. I was advised to try a bottle of 'Healey's Rheumatic Liniment,' which I did, and it has greatly relieved me. I am now using the second bottle, and am confident that in a few days I shall be well. Yours, &c., W. PAGE.
San Francisco, Feb. 9, 1866. 816 Montgomery str.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13, 1866.

To F. HEALY: I have heard much and seen practical proofs of your Liniment, and I endorse all you claim for it. L. OSTZ, 315 and 335 Battery str.

To F. HEALY—Dear Sir: Having heard of your Liniment for the cure of Rheumatism, I procured a bottle and used it, and find from the relief I experienced that it is an invaluable article, and something that every person should have who is subject to Rheumatism.

Very respectfully, &c.,
JUDGE SAM'L R. WETHDREL,
Late of Virginia City.

San Francisco, Feb. 12, 1866.

MR. HEALY—Dear Sir: I have used your Liniment for the cure of Rheumatism, and can cordially recommend it as a most invaluable remedy for that painful complaint. Feb. 74, 1866. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT.

For tale, Wholesale, by
SAMUEL ADAMS, Druggist,
San Francisco,
And at Retail, by D. W. STRONG,
apl4-3m Dutch Flat.

Diseases of the Liver giving rise to Lassitude, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, WEAK stomach, or in Ulcerated or Cancerous condition of tha Organ be permanently cured by the use of Adams' Blood Purifier. apl4-3m

LeDoyen's Sarsaparilla,

YELLOW DOCK, IODINE ALTERATIVE

For Purifying the

BLOOD!

Gives Life to the
Liver, Stomach,
Spleen, Kidneys,
Heart, Womb,
Bladder, Nerves,
Glands, Blood,
Marrow, & Bones,

LEDOYEN'S

Vegetable Cathartic Pills, and

NATURE'S PHYSIC.

They Invigorate, Cleanse, and Purify; Regulate the Secretions and Liver; Mild and Easy of Operation; Correct Costiveness; Prevent Diarrhæ, Dissentary, Piles, Spasms, Colic, Rheumatism.

The Eyes! The Eyes!

LeDoyen's Celebrated Eye Water,

FOR ALL INFLAMATIONS OF THE EYE BALLS, EYE LIDS, GRANULAR LIDS; WEAKNESS, COLDS, DROPPING OF TEARS, WOUNDS, INJURIES, CONGESTION, AMAUROSIS, WEAK NERVES, CATARACT IRRITATION, &c., &c.

It Saves Money, Time and Eyes.

DAVIDSON'S CIRCASSION BLOOM,

A DELIGHTFUL BEAUTIFIER AND PRESERVER OF THE COMPLEXION AND SKIN.

This is a most delightful and refreshing liquid bloom for the face, neck, and arms. Innocent and fragrant, it removes Tan, Moth, Freckles, Sunburn, Blemishes, Pimples; and all greasy unnatural skins are beautified by this delightful bloom. No toilet is complete without it.

OCULIST AND AURIST,

DR. VAN ZANDT,

Devotes his attention to the treatment and operation of all diseases of the Eyes and Ears.

Offices 629 Front str., near Pacific street,
SAN FRANCISCO. fe17-y

DR. J. H. JOSSELYN.

IMPORTANT

MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE AGENT

When it was promulgated by the Directors of the Electropathic Institute that disease could be entirely eradicated from the system without the use of poisonous drugs the thoughtless and those who do not look deeply into cause and effect scouted the assertion as chimerical, and wrote articles replete with sophistry; claiming that only through the digestive system could the blood be purged of the poisons which constitute disease; a great cry went up from those interested in the continued supremacy of the 'old system of one poison to cure another.' All of the empirics joined in the chorus, and in their ignorance laughed at the new system, circulating base stories of its ill success, and quoting imaginary cases as proofs. Time has demonstrated their dishonesty. After five years of uninterrupted success the Electropathetic system is the leading idea in medical jurisprudence. While by the old system, physicians are contented to cure one in every five cases, there were those who were diving deep into the science of the curative art; among these were the Electropathists; finally, it was discovered that the failure in most of the cases of organic diseases, was entirely due to the machine. Taking this view of the case, Dr. J. H. Josselyn, after years of experiment, has perfected an Electropathic instrument, which will cure any disease which flesh is heir to, always to be understood that the case is not so far advanced as to show a destruction of the vital tissue. From early morn until late at night, this instrument is employed, imparting health and vigor to all who are so fortunate as to obtain its services. We do not claim that the use of medicines may not be more advantageous in some cases, but, that in connection with machines, it will perform a cure much sooner than without, and also that diseases hitherto deemed incurable, can be cured by this system, but the Directors desire to take this opportunity to inform invalids that the Resident Physician is a regular graduate and has had large experience in the treatment of disease, both with and without the assistance of electricity; he has also discovered several "electric" Vegetable remedies that will cure almost any nameable disease, which he will send with full instructions for use, to any part of the Pacific coast upon a receipt of a complete description of the disease with which the applicant may be afflicted, and will warrant a complete and perfect cure in all cases where the medicines are used according to directions and more especially in all cases of female troubles, where great care and caution are necessary to a favorable result. Disease (which by the old system) took months, and even years to cure, are now cured in a few days or weeks. The cost, too, is not so great as by the old system, besides the saving of time. Connected with this system are the renowned

Electro-Magnetic Baths,

than which there is no more powerful auxiliary in the world for the radical cure of disease. There is no institute in the State where the electropathic system is practiced, except at the

Electropathic Institute,

645 Washington street.

This Institute was established to, if possible prevent the unwary from falling into those dens of robbery (yclept quack doctors' traps,) and hereafter the scientific originators of this Institute will not be to blame if the afflicted are robbed of their money, and injured in constitution. There is another view of the affair. The rising generation should be reared with strong constitutions, and the Directors wish to arouse their guardians to a proper sense of their duties in the premises, if possible to prevent them from stuffing their young charges with deleterious drugs, with a chance of entailing upon the tender constitution just forming, a complication of evils, a thousand times worse than death.

It would be consuming space, to no purpose, to enumerate the diseases to which this system is applicable, suffice it to say, that there is no disease, within the catalogue of human ills but what can be cured at the Electropathic Institute. We have instructed the Resident Physician to warrant a perfect and permanent cure, or ask no pay for services, when in his judgement it is within the bounds of cure.

CAUTION.

Persons seeking the Electropathic Institute, should be careful to remember the name and number.

Electropathic Institute,

645 Washington street, South side, between Kearney and Montgomery, over the restaurant.

J. H. JOSSELYN M. D.,

Resident Physician, on the sign. With these remarks we leave the interests of the Institute to the public, asking only the same generous confidence and patronage thus far awarded to it. The record shows over twenty thousand consultations, and a very large amount of suffering relieved.

Persons wishing to consult the Resident Physician by Letter, can do so with the utmost confidence. All letters must be addressed plainly, J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D., Box 1943, San Francisco, Cal. All letters will be destroyed or returned, as directed by the writer.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. feb17-3m

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the report of the Committee of Awards at the Fair of the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE

NEW YORK, 1865.

To the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO. for the Best Family Sewing Machine,

HIGHEST PREMIUM! GOLD MEDAL!

REASONS:

1st.—Its simplicity and great range of work.

2d.—The Reversible Feed Motion.

3d.—The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the Machine is made

4th.—The rapidity of its working and the quality of the work done.

5th.—The self-adjusting Tension.

The Florence was awarded the first and highest premium at the State Fair of California, the only Fair on the Pacific coast at which any two doubid thread Sewing Machines were exhibited in competition in 1865.

The Florence received the only premium awarded, by the Mechanic's Institute of San Francisco, in 1864 and 1865, to any Sewing Machine, Sewing Machine Co., or Agent. The claim of a competitor to a medal is without any foundation whatever.

Wherever the Florence has been brought in competition with other Sewing Machines, it has always been declared the best. It is the most simple, the most substantial, the most efficent, and its use is easily learned. Every Machine sold is guaranteed in the full sense of the word.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND SAMPLES OF WORK

SAMUEL HILL, GENERAL AGENT.

March 24-1y 111 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSATORY,

(Established in 1854.) 617 Kearney Street, near Commercial, San Francisco.

For the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, syphilis in all its forms; seminal weakness, impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated legs, successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned to this State, after an absence of one year, during which time he has visited all the principal hospitals of Europe—among them those of Dublin, London and Paris. The following celebrated hospitals of London are among those visited by the Doctor: Guy's, High St., Borough; St. Bartholomew's, Smithfield; St. Luke's, Old street; St. Mary's, Camb Place, Pad.; Lock, Harrow road; University, Gower street; Westminster, Broad Sanctuary; Charring Cross, Agar street, Strand; London, Whitechapel road; Royal Free, Gray's Inn road; King's College, Portugal street.

DR. GIBBON has visited Drs. Acton of London; Parker of Birmingham, England, and Ricord of Paris, who are considered the best physicians and surgeons in the world, and whose authority is acknowledged to be the highest in the treatment of Sexual Diseases.

DR. GIBBON has obtained from them their new mode of treatment, which cannot be surpassed.

DR. GIBBON has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1, 1865.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system. Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces, and their broken constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians and friends attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible, life-destroying maladies—see that they are cared for and cured before it be too late. Send them to Dr. Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended Doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places. Be therefore careful and make strick inquiry, or may fall into the hands of those charlatans.

Syphilis is Syphilis the world over; so is small pox, consumption and other diseases, to the contrary of what quacks may say.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Weakness, the consequence of sel-abuse.—This solitary vice or depraved sexual indulgence is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures: sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunt intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained should apply immediately either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by this new and scientific mode of treating this complaint, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give $100 to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured by either of the San Francisco quacks.

DR. GIBBON is responsible and will give to each patient a written instrument binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to DR. GIBBON, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use, for ten dollars, sent in a registered leter, or through Wells, Fargo & Co.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 617 Kearney street, near Commercial, San Francisco, Postoffice Box 252.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and prerenders who, with bogus sworn to certificates, deceive the unwary. Some of the self-styled doctors whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly papers of San Francisco and other places, are tradesmen, and became too lazy to work at their trade. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, newspaper-carriers, intelligence office, keepers, etc.—Look over the San Francisco City Directory and you will find their former occupation in it. Look at the Directory for 1862. The only way to avoid imposition is make inquiry—it will cost you nothing and may save you many regrets, for, advertising physicians in eight cases of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting till you know what theyare. DR. GIBBON does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended patients' letters, etc. Dr. GIBBON will satisfy persons who may call at his office of his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure.

Prevention Better than Cure.

The newly invented Patent French Safe, a sure Prevention against diseases and pregnancy. Sent by mail—Price, $2.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON
617 Kearney street, near Commercial,
Jan27-3m San Francisco Postoffice Box 252

☞ Persons writing Dr. Gibbon will please state the name of the paper they see his advertisement in.

HAPPINESS OR MISERY

THAT IS THE QUESTION.—THE PROprietors of the "PACIFIC MUSEUM of Anatomy and Science," have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive LECTURES, on MARRIAGE and its disqualifications; Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents in postage stamps by addressing "Secretar Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street, San Francisco." Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. dec7-3m

DR. F. W. BURGH,

GERMAN PHYICIAN,

PACIFIC STREET, NEAR MONTGOMERY,

San Francisco, Cal.,

LATE PROFESSOR AND LECTURER ON GENERATIVE ORGANS AT THE UNIVERSITY BRESLIN PRUSSIA.

Persons of both Sexes living at a distance who are afflicted with Impotence, Seminal Weakness, Loss of Sexual Power, or any disease of the Generative Organs, and have been unable to obtain a cure can address a letter to the Doctor stating case.

☞ Consultations by letter or otherwise, free. Charges Moderate. Address

DR. F. W. BURGH,
de30-3m Box 325, San Francisco.

ADAMS' BLOOD PURIFIER!

For Diseases having their origin from the Impurity of the Blood, and Derangement of the System.

The Blood Purifier is a compound of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, with Iodide of Potass, and several other of the most efficacious remedies known in the vegetable world, will exert an immediate effect on the system, and if persisted in for a reasonable length of time will eradicate all latent poison form the blood

It contains no Mercury or Mineral Poison

Prepared only by

SAMUEL ADAMS,
At the United States Drug Store,
Cor. Bush and Powell strs., San Francisco.
For sale by all Druggists in the State. ja27-3m

DISTRICT COURT SUMMONS.

STATE California, County of Placer, } District Court of the 14th Judicial District of said State.

The People of the State of California to Mathew Andrews, Greeting:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of Mary E. Andrews in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; but if served on you without said county, and within said district, twenty days; and if served on you without said county and District, then in forty days from such service exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 16th day of February, 1866, in said Court, to obtain a judgement and decree of said Court, dissolving the bonds of matrimony, existing between you, defendant, Matthew Andrews, and Mary E. Andrews, the Plaintiff herein. Plaintiff also prays to be decreed to have the custody of Isabel, the infant daughter of Plaintiff and Defendant. Also her costs of suit. All of which you will find more fully set out in Plaintiff's complaint on file, a certified copy of which is herewith served. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will take judgement against you by default as prayed for and apply to the Court for the relief demanded and such other or further relief as may be just.

In Witness whereof, I, DAVID W. SPEAR, L. S. Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 16th day of February, 1866. D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.

A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy
L. S. By Order of Court.
50 cts. Attest: D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.
By A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy
CHAS. A. TUTTLE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Washington Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company, Meadow District, Nevada county, California, are hereby notified that the third Annual Meeting of said Company will be held at their office in Dutch Flat, on Monday, April 30th, 1866, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers and the transaction of other business. Proxies, properly stamped, must be filed with the Secretary.
March 7, 1866. 1m J. DAMSGUARD, Sec'y.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING done at this office.

ENQUIRER CALENDAR,

1866.

January	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
							7
	1	2	3	4	5	6	14
	8	9	10	11	12	13	21
	15	16	17	18	19	20	28
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February				1	2	3	4
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July	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
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November				1	2	3	4
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December						1	2
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	31						

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES AND MODERATE CHARGES.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S

Private Medical and Surgical Institute,

Sacramento Street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office. Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and Scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all Sexual Diseases.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Nocturnal and Diurnal emissions, Sexual Disability, Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc., and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to ensure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment, and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates from two of his patients, who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary Public.

The welfare of society imperiously demand their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praise of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited during a practice of more than fifteen years.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored, that in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some some written acknowledgement for your valuable services—particularly as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in this city, and believing those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, (some of whom have a large number of cures,) I placed myself in their charge and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is beter than it has been for years.

In consequence, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. Doherty for my address and call and see me. (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours, L——H——.
San Francisco, June 16, 1864.
sub'scribed and sworn to before me, this 21tt day of June, A. D. 1864.
[L. S.] A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.

Seminal Weakness—A Sworn-to Certificate of a most Remarkable Cure of Spermatorrhœa.

A desire to benefit humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to Dr. W. K. Doherty, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I have been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa," or Seminal Weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year however, I had Seminal Weakness to an alarming extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptons as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was afflicted to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, when seeing Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I would call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determind to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the 5th of December last, I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and, now, after five weeks' treatment, I feel myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1864.
[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute, and consult him about their troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married Ladies whose delicate health, or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families should write or call at Dr. W. K. Doherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The Doctor's offices are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents.

Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case (including the remedies), will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

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PRIVATE DISEASES IN MALE and IRREGULARITIES IN FEMALES are the great destroyers of health They insidiously attack the system and gradually undermine and destroy it; they drive the bloom from the cheek, the lustre from the eye, the strength from the frame; they give to the world puny and diseased offspring, and poison, through successive generations the race of man. The marks can be seen in Scrofula, Consumption, Crippleies, the Idiot, the Paralytic, the Insane, etc.

There is no more terrible scourge to the human race than those diseases arising from the contamination of Venerial Poison. The mildest forms, by retreating to the blood, hover over the affected one, the destruction that is liable at any moment to fall and blight—to utterly destroy—all earthly hopes.

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